



AN ACTION RESEARCH REPORT ON OFFICE-COST REDUCTION & PAPER-WORK SIMPLIFICATION

By:

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M M C SCHOOL OF MANAGEMENT, BOMBAY (INDIA)

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Mr. Atthreya has authored over a dozen Books on aspects of management.

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Earlier he worked with General Mills Inc., Minneapolis, Minnesota, U.S.A.

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Earlier he worked with Bombay Dyeing and Hoechst Dyes and Chemicals Limited.

IDEAS THAT SAVE

48 Melle

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ON OFFICE - COST REDUCTION &
PAPER-WORK SIMPLIFICATION

By:

N.H. ATTHREYA PROMOD K. BATRA B. T. DASTUR

MMC SCHOOL OF MANAGEMENT
BOMBAY (INDIA)

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Introduction



- What idea works in an office? This is an important question.
- • An equally important question is : What works in our context ?
- A third and relevant question or, rather, a set of questions would be: Has it worked in an Indian organisation? And for a reasonable period? Can we have more than a stray idea which has only worked here and there?
- •• To seek answers for the above questions and, more particularly, for the third set of questions, we undertook a Research Project. We obtained the assistance of two executives who have taken personal and sustained interest in the game of paper-work cost-reduction and higher office productivity as also the co-operation of their respective organisations.
- •• We felt the readers would be interested in results—results in terms of facts and figures. We felt that they would like to adapt some of the ideas for their organisations. We decided, therefore, on a non-conventional presentation.
- •• This action research report has three sections. The first section is by Promod K. Batra, the second by B.T. Dastur and the third by this writer. The respective authors have preferred a different presentation. Their common goal, however, is the same, namely, to help the Reader know, act and benefit.
- •• Management is a profession. One aspect of a profession is sharing of ideas.

 The sharing makes for implementation of ideas. And ideas put into action benefit the individual, the company, the country and the society.
- •• In our country, many of us have indeed conceived and implemented many ideas and with commendable results. Only, this is not common knowledge.
- •• To make it common knowledge, we are working on a companion volume. Unlike this volume where the focus is on a company, the proposed volume will focus on single ideas-in-action—ideas that have saved time, bother or cost in one activity or other ideas that have large scale application possibilities.
- •• If you have a cost-saving, waste-reducing idea for the projected volume, please send us one or more. When you do, kindly supply all the relevant facts about each idea you send.
- •• Let us exchange ideas; that is the mark of a profession and, certainly, of the management profession.
- •• Of course, when enough ideas are collected, edited and printed, we will share a copy of the book with those who have chosen to share their experiences. Let us together raise the average above the average.

N. H. ATTHREYA

Grateful acknowledgements to . . .

- Mr. Banarsi Lal Gulati
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- •• Mr. J.K. Parker
- •• Mr. M.M. Talwalkar
- •• Dr. Zai S. Tarapore

. . For their very valuable help.

Section 1

A little bit better . . .

IDEAS THAT SAVE

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Escorts Limited FARM EQUIPMENT DIVISION

Ву

PROMOD K. BATRA

Manager
 Systems and Projects

A CONFESSION :

We do not claim originality for necessarily all the ideas contained in this section.

These form a connoisseur's choice from all sorts of places—from dust bins to jewel boxes.

Thank You!

•• MR. C. K. HAZARI

Joint Managing Director

ESCORTS LIMITED

For your permission to print and for suggesting the format.

MR. MADAN AGARWAL
 Vice President
 ESCORTS LIMITED

For your encouragement and guidance all along.

•• MR. AMARJIT SINGH

Resident Director

ASSOCIATED CEMENT COMPANIES LIMITED

NEW DELHI

For the first idea - "To eliminate the mail despatch register".



OBJECTIVES



FOR READERS:

- You have paid handsomely for this book. And, therefore, genuine and sincere efforts have been made to enable you to instantly transplant some of these action ideas into your business.
- •• This book did not come out of an ivory tower. Neither, it is an academic preachment of what and how to do. Instead, it is a fast moving, concise, documented report on how savings were indeed effected. This book is practical and you can set your teeth in it.

FOR ESCORTS:

• A humble beginning has been made to tell what useful ideas have been developed. It is hoped that others will take the lead from such like 'disclosures'! And then this will have the snow ball effect.

FOR THE AUTHORS:

To recover the writing, cartooning and printing costs and some plus! Part
of this plus will go in for the next book!!



THE MISER WAY WE TAKE...

Wise people have said ...

'TO DO A JOB-THERE MUST BE A BETTER WAY':

And the last ten year action research has enabled us to find a little bit better way. We call it "THE MISER WAY".



The Miser Way states that any job can be	
•• Merged into another job or	M
•• Improved or	, I
•• Simplified or	S WAY TO SAVINGS !
•• Eliminated or	E
•• Reduced	R

Further we have developed a rule of the thumb which states...

If a job is ..year old Try for

A Few Examples

Remember Symbols

One

Merging it

Delivery Challan, Forms, Receipt Report, Acknowledgement of Orders, Preparing of

Bills.

Two

Improving it

Order becomes Bill, Records Retention and Destruction, Prepunching, Honour Stationery System, Cheque and C form, Bills ready before goods go, Price lists, Tags.

Three

Simplifying it

Order form, Reminder system, Rounding of

Rupees, Ever ready to go cases.

Four

Eliminating it

Packing List, Mail Receipt and Despatch Registers, Covering Letters, Pay-in-Slip, Hundi, Discount Calculations, Official

Receipt, Bin Cards, Typing of Bills.



Five

Reducing it

Back-order Processing, Routing of Corres-Peons, Signing of Bills, pondence,

Countings.

and, therefore, after five years—you should not have any job!





THE PRINCIPLES WE FOLLOW ...

There must be a BETTER WAY

(

Or

There must be a BETTER IDEA

- A rupee saved is a rupee earned. To earn a single rupee, you have to have a sales volume of ten rupees or more. A single rupee saving is equal to a ten rupee sale.
- • Again, a sale is a one-time sale. A saving on the other hand is a repetitive saving.
- •• Furthermore, for a sale you have to depend on others. For a saving you have to depend only on yourself, your ability to observe, think and implement.
- Remember—one rupee saved per day is equal to 365 rupees saved per year. To make this much of net profit, one has to have an additional sale of Rs. 3,650!

Do not make the BEST the enemy of BETTER!

Or

Do not wait for the Best Idea Implement the 'Better' Idea!

- It is self explanatory and quite important to keep it in mind always.
- •• Many times it so happens that in our anxiety to have the "best"—even the "better" is forgotten. Experience has taught us that if we implement the "better"—in nine out of ten cases it would lead us to "still better" and hopefully to "the best" eventually!

If you have a rupee and I have another, And we swap, we have only one rupee each. If you have a BETTER IDEA and I have another, And we swap, we have two BETTER IDEAS each.

- •• Needs no explanation! And we can vouch that it works beautifully!!
- No idea should be kept confidential because those who want it will get it anyhow! Why not give it on your own and nine out of ten chances are that the other person will give you too.



BACK GROUND INFORMATION

ESCORTS LIMITED

• •	Started
	Sales 1972
	Major Products

... 1944

.. 42 Crores

... Escort & Ford Tractors,
Rajdoot Motor Cycles & Scooters,
Mahle Pistons, Goetze Rings &
F & S Shock Absorbers.

... 6,000

Employees

•• Volume of Paper Work

(Farm Equipment Division—Spare Parts Department)

Name of Document	Annual Volume		Total
Stock Order	2,400	90	2,16,000
Rush/Supplementary Orders	12,000	7	84,000
			3, 00,000
Release Advices	15,600		
Bills	12,000	•	
Cash Memos	2,400	•	
Debit/Credit Notes	1,200	•	
Cost Per Minute		•	
•• Days in a year	365		
Less non-working days	100	Sunday, holidays and lea	ave etc.
Working days	265	•	
•• Minutes in a working day	480		
Less non-working minutes	30	Tea, gossip etc.	•
Working Minutes	450		
•• Effective working minutes per	year		

265 × 450 = 1,19,250 say 1,20,00 minutes

Say, basic pay Rs. 1,200 per year

Overheads 100% Rs. 1,200

Rs. 2,400 or 2,40,000 Paise

•• Therefore

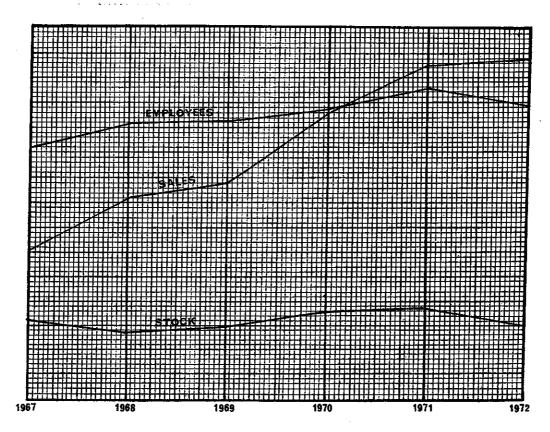
An employee getting Rs. 100 as basic pay would cost 2 P. per minute Rs. 1000 as basic pay would cost 20 P. per minute Rs. 2000 as basic pay would cost 40 P. per minute

And for a woman employee — add 20% to the above figures.

 Now, overheads, will vary from Company to Company and from Person to Person but the above figures are given to establish the POINT only. Savings indicated in this REPORT have been worked on the basis given above.



BACK GROUND INFORMATION (Contd.)



IDEAS CONTAINED IN HERE HAVE MADE THE ABOVE CURVES POSSIBLE!



- •• The Ultimate Objective Of Any Paper Simplification Must Be ...
- To Achieve The Above i.e.
- Receiving of Orders, Sending of Bills and Receiving of Moneys.



CONTENTS



A LITTLE BIT BETTER IDEAS

ldea No.	Better Ideas	Annual Savings
THE S	STOCK ORDER PAD	Rs.
B- 1.	DEALER'S SPARE PARTS PERFORMANCE	7,200
B- 2.	SUGGESTED ORDER AND ANALYSIS FORM	9,600
B- 3,	BACK-ORDER PROCESSING	12,00 0
B- 4.	ORDER FORM	7,200
B- 5.	PARTS CATALOGUE AND PRICE LIST	7,200
B- 6.	DELIVERY CHALLAN	16,800
B- 7.	PACKING LIST	9,600
B- 8.	BEST STOCK ORDER PAD AWARD	8,800
B- 9.	ORDER BECOMES THE BILL	14,400
B-10.	THE SUGGESTION PAGE	7,200
OFFIC	E	
B-11.	MAIL ROOM ACTIVITIES	20,000
B-12.	ROUTING OF CORRESPONDENCE	15,000
B-13.	AUTOMATIC REMINDER SYSTEM	7,500
B-14.	RETENTION OF RECORDS (BINDING)	5,000
B-15.	RECORDS DESTRUCTION	7,500
B-16.	PRE-PUNCHING	7,500
B-17.	HONOUR SYSTEM IN STATIONERY	5,000
B-18.	BUSINESS AND GOVERNMENT FORMS	25,000
B-19.	OFFICE TABLES	5,000
B-20.	PEONS	7,500



CONTENTS (Contd.)

Idea No.	Better Ideas	Annual Savings
ACCO	UNTS	Rs.
B-21.	COVERING LETTERS	10,000
B-22.	PAY-IN-SLIP	5,000
B-23.	HUNDI/DRAFT	5,000
B-24.	DISCOUNT CALCULATIONS	15,000
B-25.	ROUNDING OF RUPEES	8,000
B-26.	OFFICIAL RECEIPT	5,000
B-27.	SIGNING OF BILLS	8,000
B-28.	CHEQUE & 'C' FORM	5,000
B-29.	BILLS READY BEFORE GOODS GO	20,000
B-30.	PRICE LISTS	5,000
STOR	ES	
B-31.	BIN CARDS	10,000
B-32.	PACKING LIST	7,000
B-33.	TAGS	20,000
B-34.	COUNTINGS	12,000
B-35.	EVER READY TO GO SPARE PARTS	3,000
B-36.	RECEIPTS REPORTS	5,000
B-37.	CLAIMS	3,000
B-38.	GATE PASS	3,000
B-39.	PACKING & FORWARDING CHARGES	2,000
B-40.	PERPETUAL INVENTORY SYSTEM	5,000
GENE	RAL	
B-41.	ACKNOWLEDGEMENT OF ORDERS	7,000
B-42.	DELIVERY CHALLAN (RELEASE ADVICE)	12,000
B-43.	TELE LETTERS	Better Public Relations
B-44.	TYPING OF BILLS	20,000
B-45.	BACK-ORDER PROCESSING	- 5,000
B-46.	FIELD FLASH	10,000
B-47.	MINI MANUAL	Goodwill
B-48.	REPORTS	5,000
B-49.	ILLUSTRATED CATALOGUES	6,000
B-50.	EXCHANGE OF IDEAS	More Ideas

Remember:

(A word of caution in regard to Annual Savings)

Costs are related to volume of work. Therefore, say elimination of mail despatch register in one company may save Rs. 1,000 per year and in a large company even Rs. 10,000 or more per year. So do not fuss over the figures given in here. We will agree to yours. Go after the idea—implement it and do not get bogged down with details.







THE BEST STOCK ORDER PAD AWARD

The prize piece is the Stock Order Pad. Over a period, nearly 1000 hours have been spent in improving it and improving it further. And this effort alone has given an estimated annual savings of over Rs. 1,00,000 per year. It reached its present stage after about ten step-by-step improvements (2,400 Stock Orders with an average of 90 items per order i.e. 2,16,000 items are processed annually). See Specimen A.

You may or may not have a Stock Order Pad in your business but you will have the operations involved in a Stock Order in one form or another. For example, say, in a manufacturing or a processing concern where hundreds of items are required to make or assemble a product. The follow-up of the items to the production line can be conveniently and economically done through application of the principles contained in Stock Order Pad.

Idea No. Better Idea The Way Annual Savings

B-1 Dealers Spare Parts Performance (Thermometer)

Improved Rs. 7,200

- Dealer fills in population of the tractors in his area, value of stocks and annual sales.
- •• He then arrives at per tractor value of stocks and sales. Our experience tells us that these figures should be Rs. 250 and Rs. 750 per tractor respectively. This will give the dealer 1 to 3 ratio. Performance below and above these figures indicate danger!
- Similarly, in service our thermometer is service revenue earned per tractor.
- •• In tractor sales, however, our thermometer is the percentage of the market share, in other words, in an area the percentage of our tractors sold to the total of all models of tractors including our tractors.

B-2 ■ Suggested Order and Analysis Form Improved Rs. 9,600

•• As it lists the Fast Moving parts, dealer reviews regularly what he should have to maximise spare parts sales with minimum inventories. Further, the dealer can fill in part-by-part past six months sales, in stock, back-order quantities with individual and total values. Based on this information he can place order for each item as required. He is unlikely to forget to order some parts. It also eliminates hand writing or typing of items.



GENUINE SPARE PARTS

STOCK ORDER PAD FOR FAST MOVING PARTS

KEEP HIM SATISFIED!

SPECIMEN 'A'



Merged

Original Stock Order Pad contains 30 pages in triplicate. Each Page has 30 items.

Front Cover Page, Back Inner and Outer Pages contain, 'SALES MESSAGES" which change from time to time

Stock Order Pad is printed twice a year when certain items are deleted or added and at the same time prices are brought uptodate.



THE TIME FOR ACTION IS NOW!

HOW TO FILL IN THIS STOCK ORDER PAD:-

Read the following carefully before you start filling this Stock Order Pad:-

Please make sure that the following is filled-in properly, completely and accurately:

- I. ACKNOWLEDGEMENT PAGE: Please very carefully fill-in each and every line and column in this page. All columns and lines are self explanatory. Any error in this page would reflect in the Marks given to you and you may lose your award and F.O.R. Destination facility. Responsible party should sign on the Acknowledgement Page and last page of the order in ink.
- 2. Fill-in the columns (to be filled by dealer) accurately from the Cardex System maintained at your end:
 - a) the quantity sold in the past six months b) "In stock" with you c) Back-Order Details
 - d) quantity ordered.
- BACK-ORDER DETAILS: In Back-Order details fill-in the quantity which is on back-order with us month-wise. Un-supplied Spare Parts are put into our Back-Order System which will NOT be cancelled at dealer's request. Currency of Back-Orders is one year from the date of the order.
 - b) Top line i.e. J. M. M. J. S. N represents January, March, May, July, September and November i.e. when Stock Order Pads are due from our Dealers in the North Zone. Similarly F. A. J. A. O. D represents February, April, June, August, October and December.
 - c) We would be sending you the blank Stock Order Pads. You would be filling the Back-Order columns from the bill copy of your previous Stock Order Pad which you would always receive from us prior to the receipt of new Stock Order Pad. Moreover, whenever this is not available you would be filling these columns from your own cardex.
 - d) For example we would be sending you the blank pads by 20th May to the dealers in South, East and West Zones. Now the Back-order columns in this pad can be filled either from your cardex or from your earlier Stock Order of April which comes to you with your copy of the bill. Also, for example, Front Fork Assembly for the month of June due Stock Order Pads we would send to you by 20th May the blank Stock Order Pads. Say, you have filled 2 under July and I under November. This would mean that total 3 Front Fork Assemblies are on Back-Order with us i.e. 2 were for the July Stock Order and I for the November Stock Order of 1969. Please note that for the filling of Back-Orders we have allocated 20 Marks.
 - e) After the months we have Back-order total column in which you will mention the total quantity on back-order with us for each part.
 - f) Quantity in "e" above is to be multiplied by Net price and to be put into the Back-Order Value column.
- 4. ORDER VALUE column to be filled by multiplying quantity in quantity ordered column with Net price of each part.
- 5. Now when you will total the Back-Order value column you will get the value of Back-orders on us. Similarly when you will total the Order Value column you will get the value of the order. Both these figures will be very useful for proper planning and thus providing maximum availability of parts at minimum investment.
- 6. Any Spare Parts not included in the Stock Order Pad may be included in the blank pages at the end of Stock Order Pad. Where Spare Parts under particular part numbers are not available but similar parts under other numbers are available supplies will be made of similar Spare Parts without reference to you.
- 7. Model Application Codes are: —A—Escort 37 B—27w C—325 D—47w E—335/328
- 8. DO NOT WRITE ANYTHING UNDER "TO BE FILLED BY ESCORTS".
- 9. Remove your copy after preparing order and mail balance of the pad intact.
- 10. Read "Our Mini Manual On Spares" specially the Ordering Procedures section.
- 11. Prices mentioned in this Stock Order Pad are subject to change without any prior notice and would be charged prevailing at the time of delivery/despatch.

TO BE FILLED BY DEALER

PHONE: 2711 (10 LINES)

· GRAMS: SPAREPARTS



ESCORTS LIMITED

SPAREPARTS DIVISION 19/6, MATHURA ROAD, FARIDABAD (HARYANA) From: Code No.___ M/s. GENUINE SPARE PARTS Address___

	ORDER				

For the month of.....

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT PAGE

MARKS Allocated; Given

Rega, Omice: Escorts House, Roshanara Road, Delhi-110007	Value of Back Order	ACKNOW LEDGEMENT PAC
Rega, Office: Escorts House, Roshanara Road, Delhi-110007		Sent on :
Mode of Transport in order, of preference:		
(Name of Transport Co. in case of Road)		
Banker's Name and Address:		
Name of Stores Inchesse		

Destination for goods

Order No.____

______Dealer's Authorised Signatory_ Name: Date: Vital statistics:

Population of the Product in your Area as on	Stock of Spare Parts of Product at your cost on	Average Spare Parts in Stock Per Machine	Sales of Spare Parts Last Calendar year at Nett Price	Purchase of Spare Parts from Jan. Ist this year	Average Purchase of Spare Parts per Machine in your area	
Escort 37					1	
47w						
27w/C-325			****		 	
C-328/C-335				 	<u> </u>	,
TOTAL				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
 -						

Actual Retail Sale (At Nett Price) (Omit 000)

jan.	Feb.	Маг.	Apr.	May	Jun.	Jul.	_	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	TOTAL
							7-					

TO BE FILLED BY ESCORTS

Our comments on this Stock Order Pad are as follows and you are requested to please go through them carefully. It would assist you in improving your Spare Parts business.

	·									1	
I)	This Stock Order Pad received by due date.	- ;	. :			•			15		
2)	Despatch instructions specific and Bank's Name & Addres	s ce	omplete in .	Ackno	wlede	ement	Page.		. 5		
3)	Vital Statistics filled.		•				-6-	٠	10		
4)	Estimated/Actual Retail Sales filled in or not	•							1,0		
5)	Past 6 months sales column filled-in or not about	٠.	100%	80%	60%	40%	20%	0%	10		
6)	'In Stock' column filled in or not about		100%	, •		40%	,,		10		
7)	Back-Order Details filled in or not about:		100%			40%		0%	20		
8)	Quantity order column properly filled in or not about :		100%				20%	0%	20		
	Order value column filled in or not about :		100%		60%		20%	0%	20		
	F.O.R. facility has been given after taking into consideration					.4 /0	, ,			ļ	
.,	i) Packing Correge Formerding . (from 50 as 60)		TI SOUAE COIL	ıment:	s :		• . 7	otal	100		

No ii) insurance: (70-89) Yes No iii) Freight: (90 & above) Other comments if any

Remarks of Spare Parts Rep. :_____ __Value of Order Recd. on ____Analysed by _____ Date ____ Given to Cardex To expedite acknow-Release Advice No. ____ Date_____ Bill No. ledgement of the order, Cardexed _____ Picked _____ Packed ____ copy No. I will be ret-Checked Priced Checked urned to you with our comments Pkg. & Forw. No. of Cases_____No. Filed

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT PAGE — DEALER TO SPD TO DEALER

TO BE FILLED BY DEALER

PHONE : 2711 (10 LINES)

GRAMS: SPAREPARTS | From: Code No.



	ESCORI
ı	GENUINE SPARE PARTS

						ess					GENUINE	SPARE PART	S		
S P A 19/6, I	REPAMATHURA		D I V I RIDABAD (I	S I O N HARYANA) Dalhi-110007	City_ Desti Orde Value Value	CityState						For the month ofACKNOWLEDGEMENT PAGE			
(Name Banker'	of Transp s Name a	rt in order ort Co. i nd Address	ก case of	Road)				,					· · · ·		
Name:	f Stores la	ncharge					Dea	ler's Auth	orised Si	gnatory Date					
the Pro your A on		Spare F Product cost on	Parts of at your	Average Parts in Per Ma	Stock	Sales of Parts Calenda at Nett	Last r year	Purcha Spare from Ja this y	Parts n. 1st	Average I of Spare per Ma in your	Parts chine				
47w 27w/C-3 C-328/C	25_ -335							·							
Actual	Retail Sale	(At Nett Mar.	Price) (O	mit 000) May	Jun.	Jul.	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	TOT	AL		
assist yo	ou In imp	roving yo	k Order ur Spare	Parts busii	s follows ness.	LED		SCO ed to plea		rough the	<u> </u>	MARKS llocated;			
2) Des 3) Vita 4) Estin 5) Past 6) In S 7) Bac	patch insided Statistic mated/Act of months Stock' columns.	tructions is filled. ual Retail sales colu imn filled Details fill	specific a Sales fille imn filled- in or not ed in or no	ed in or no in or not : about ot about :	Name & t about	Address c	100 100	% 80% % 80% % 80%	60% 40 60% 40 60% 40	% 20% % 20%	0% 0% 0%	15 5 10 5 10 10			
9) Ord 10) F.O. i) ii)	er value o R. facility Packing, o Insurance	olumn fill has been	ed in or n given afte orwarding 9)	filled in or ot about : or taking in g : (from	nto consi	it : deration o	100	% 80% % 80% comments	60% 40 : Y	% 20% To es es	No	20 5 100			
Other c	omments	if any											-		
Recd. or Release Cardexe Checked	n Advice N id	Analyse o.	d by Date Picke Price		DateBill	No	Given to	Cardex_ _Date	. <u> </u>	To ledge copy l	expedite ment of No. I v		er, et-		

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT PAGE — DEALER TO SPD



						1						
PHONE : 2711 (10 LINES)	GRAMS:	SPAR EPA RT	M/s.	ress_			ESCURI					
ESCORTS S PAREPARTS 19/6, MATHURA ROAD. Regd. Office: Escorts House, R	S D V FARIDABAD (- oxhanara Road,	S I O N (HARYANA) Delhi-11000;	Dest Orde Valu Valu	er No e of Back C e of Qty, C	goodsS Prder_ Order	Date	For the month of					
Mode of Transport in or (Name of Transport Co Banker's Name and Addr Name of Stores Incharge	'ess:					1 						
Name:								Date	I			
the Product in Spar your Area as Produ	tock of e Parts of act at your on	Average Parts in Per Ma	Stock	Sales of Parts Calenda at Net	Last ir year	Purch Spare from Ja this	an. Ist	Average of Spare per Ma in your	Parts chine			
47w												
Actual Retail Sale (At Ne	ett Price) (O	mit 000)			7.1.	<u> </u>						
Jan. Feb. Mar.	Apr.	May	jun,	Jul.	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	TOTAL		

BE FILLED BY ESCORTS TO

Our comments on this Stock Order Pad are as follows and you are requested to please go through them carefully. It would assist you in improving your Spare Parts business.

i) This Stock Order Pad received by due date. 2) Despatch instructions specific and Bank's Name & Address complete in Acknowledgement Page. 3) Vital Statistics filled. 4) Estimated/Actual Retail Sales filled in or not 5) Past 6 months sales column filled-in or not about 100% 80% 60% 40% 20% 0%	ed; Giver
2) Despatch instructions specific and Bank's Name & Address complete in Acknowledgement Page. 5 Vital Statistics filled. 4) Estimated/Actual Retail Sales filled in or not 5) Past 6 months sales column filled-in or not about 100% 80% 60% 40% 20% 0% 10	
3) Vital Statistics filled. 4) Estimated/Actual Retail Sales filled in or not 5) Past 6 months sales column filled-in or not about 100% 80% 60% 40% 20% 0% 10	
4) Estimated/Actual Retail Sales filled in or not 5) Past 6 months sales column filled-in or not about 100% 80% 60% 40% 20% 0% 10	
5) Past 6 months sales column filled-in or not about 100% 80% 60% 40% 20% 0% 10	
1) 41 County with 10% 10% 10% 10% 10%	
100% 50% 40% 20% 0% 100	
7) Back-Order Details filled in or not about: 100% 80% 60% 40% 20% 0% 20	
8) Quantity order column properly filled in or not about: 100% 80% 60% 40% 20% 0% 20	1
9) Order value column filled in or not about: 100% 80% 60% 40% 20% 0% 5	l
0) F.O.R. facility has been given after taking into consideration our above comments: Total 100	
i) Packing, Cartage, Forwarding: (from 50 to 69)	
ii) Insurance: (70—89)	
lii) Freight: (90 & above)	
Other comments if any	
Remarks of Spare Parts Rep. :	
Recd. on Analysed by Date Given to Cardex To expedite a	
Release Advice No. Date Out No.	cknow-
Release Advice No. Date Bill No. Date ledgement of the	order,
Cardexed Picked Packed copy No. 1 will b	
Checked Priced Checked urned to you wi	th our
Pkg. & Forw. No. of Cases Filed comments	
ACKNOWLEDGEMENT PAGE — DEALER TO SPD TO FED	

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PAGE 1 **ESCORTS BILL COPY** Date_ DEALER .BE FILLED BY BACK ORDER DETAILS QTY. Figure-Item PART NO. PRICE NETT RS. VALUE CASE PAST 6 B. O. LOCATION DESP. EXTENSION QTY. ORDERED OF QTY. MODEL B. O. VALUE PART NAME MONTHS STOCK j A s 0 N D APPLI-M J ORDER SALES TOTAL 1.90 1-1 7.01.01.0/1 As Reqd. Joint Cylinder Liner 1-1 7.01.01.0/2 As Reqd. 3.35 Joint Cylinder Liner 1-1 7.01.01,0/3 4.20 As Reqd. Joint Cylinder Liner I-2 7.01.02.0 3 133.00 Cylinder Liner 1-3 7.01.03.1 12 5.80 Stud Α 0.70 1-6 7.01.06.0 Washer 1-8-9 SPD-341.000 126,00 I Set Main Bearing Set I-8-9 SPD-342.010 134.00 I Set Main Bearing Set 1st U/S Α I-8-9 SPD-343-020 1 Set 134.00 Main Bearing Set 2nd U/S 5A 1-8-9 SPD-344.030 I Set 134,00 Main Bearing Set 3rd U/S I-8-9 SPD.345,040 | Set 146,00 Main Bearing Set 4th U/S 1-13 7.01,13.0 8 0.45 Tab Washer Α I-15a 3.01.15.0 i 4.30 Joint Sump A I-24 7.01.25.0 ī 4.40 Dipstick A 1-25 7.01.26.0 3 13,50 Trust Ring 1-30 7.01.31.0 ì 1.20 joint Α I-31 7.01.32.0 29.00 Oil Seal Α I-34 7.01.35.0 9.20 Å Oil Pressure pipe 2-3 7.02.03.0 11.90 Rocker Cover Α 3 2-4 7.02.04.0 1.45 Joint Rocker Cover Α 2-8-9 7.02.08.0/7.02.09.0 6 4.10 Shaft-Valve Rocker with Rivet 2-11-39 7.02,11,0/7.02,38.0 31,00 Shaft-Valve with Bush Α 2-12 7,02,12,0 6 0.75 Screw Rocker A 2-13 7,02,13.1 3 14,50 Support Valve Rocker A 3 2-14 7.02.14.0 0.80 Stud Α 2-15 7.02.15,1 3 1.40 Stud Α SPD-941,000 290.00 Cylinder Head Assy. Α 2-18 7,02,18,0 3 6.30 Banjo Bolt Fine thread Α 2- 7.02.18.1 5 6.30 Banjo Bolt Course thread A 2-21 SPD-542,000 i Set 28.20 Inlet Valve Set 2-22 SPD-543,000 I Set 39.00 **Exhaust Valve Set** Α 2-27 HDL 100 S 1053 3 33,50 Nozzle Α 2-34 7.02,33.0 6 1.30 **Packing Collets** Α 2-36 702.350 3 62.70 Nozzle Holder Α

ESC	ORT 3	37	ENG	INE					DEA	LERS 	BILL	COPY	Bill N	0	<u></u>	Da	te		P	AGE 1
	ТО	E	E	F		LE		BY	DEA	LER					1					1
PAST 6	!N	<u> </u> —	1	1	BACE	CORE	DER D	ETAILS	· 	QTY.	VALUE OF QTY.	Figure-Item	PART NO.	QTY.	B. O.	LOCATION	CASE	DESP,	GSSD PRICE	EXTENSION
MONTHS SALES	STOCK	J F	M	Ŋ	J A	s o	N	BACK ORDER TOTAL	B. O. VALUE RS.	ORÓERED	ORDERED RS.	PART NAME		APPLI- CATION			NO,		NETT RS.	
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•												i-30 7.01.31 Joint		A					1.20	
•												I-31 7.01.32 Oil Seal	2.0	A A			•		29.00	
												I-34 7.01.35 Oil Pressure		. I					9.20	·
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ESCORT 37 ENGINE

ESC	ORT 3	7 1	ENG	IN	•			DE.	ALERS	REC	ORD	COPY	Bill No.			Da	te		<u> </u>	PAGE 1
`	ТО	E	3 E	F	1 L	LI	E D	ВΥ	DEA	LER	, -]	Ī.	1		.	
PAST 6	: IN		ı	1	BACI	K ORI	DERI	DETAILS		- QTY.	VALUE OF QTY.	Figure-Item PART	r. No.	QTY.	B. O.	LOCATION	CASE	DESP.	GSSD PRICE	EXTENSION
MONTHS SALES	STOCK	J F	M	M	Ą	s. o	N D	BACK ORDER TOTAL	B. O. VALUE RS.		ORDERED RS.	PART NAME		MODEL APPLI- CATION			NO.	Jour.	NETT RS.	EXTENSION.
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				-						-	·	1-6 7.01.06.0 Washer	-	4 A					0.70	
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	·											2-27 HDL 100 S I Nozzle	1053	3 A				-	33,50	
				ł								2-34 7.02.33.0 Packing Collets		6 A					1.30	
,		1										2-36 702.350		3			-		62.70	
,							-					Nozzle Holder		^				.		
				l				l	1	I .				Ī		İ	- 1		٠,	

... And Now you can Confidently say:-

YES, SIR, WE HAVE IT!

PLEASE . . .
DON'T LOSE A CUSTOMER
FOR WANT OF A PART !





STOCK ORDER PAD (Contd.)

B-3 TO B-10

B-3 ■ Back-Order Processing:

Reduced

Rs. 12,000

Alongwith the processing of current order, this form enables to process Back-orders as well. Dealers would get the Back-ordered items earlier than under a conventional system. Similar columns are provided in Back-order Card (See Specimen L) kept in Cardex. This unique system reduces the processing costs.

B-4 ■ Order Form

Simplified

s. 7,200

• Above information enables our dealer to place the orders, and, further, he can find the value of the total order as well. This is done by multiplying the preprinted rate into the quantity ordered in the "value of qty. ordered" column.

B-5 ■ Parts Catalogue and Price List

Improved

Rs. 7,200

•• It gives the necessary parts catalogue information for the parts included in the order as well as the net prices at which we bill to our dealers. This way we do not have to calculate the discounts on each category of parts being supplied.

B-6 ■ Delivery Challan

Merged

Rs. 16,800

•• After cardex has released the quantities in the "Despatch" column, it goes to the stores and becomes delivery challan on the stores. Therefore, separate challans are not prepared. Please See Idea No. B-42.

B-7 ■ Packing List

Eliminated

Rs. 9,600

•• The picker picks the parts and indicates by a tick on the respective quantities in the "Despatch" coloumn; and the packer crosses this tick to indicate that he has packed the parts into the cases. So, separate packing list is not prepared.

B-8 Best Stock Order Pad Award (Acknowledgement Page)

Improved

Rs. 8.800

•• Information to be filled in the Stock Order Pad is quite voluminous. But it is to the mutual advantage of the dealer and us. Therefore, to make it attractive enough for the store-keeper of the dealer, we give awards for the best filled-in orders. The basis for giving awards is through the mark-sheet contained therein. This award costs us around Rs. 10,000 per year—but saves us quite a bit on follow up correspondence and gives us the necessary feed back. Based on these marks, the dealer gets the 'F.O.R.' facility.

B-9 ■ Becomes The Bill

Improved

Rs. 14,400

•• When we multiply the parts despatched with the net prices we get the extended amounts part by part in the "Extension" Column. When we total these, we get the bill amount. This is done on both copies. One becomes our copy of the bill and the other becomes dealers copy of the bill. To this is attached covering "letter" or "bill". See Specimen C.

B-10 The Suggestion Page

Improved

ls. 7,200

Dealers are encouraged to give suggestions to make improvements and here the award helps a little bit. Participation from them is slow but a humble beginning has been made.

■ 5 in 1 : Stock Order Pad is :-

1. Order Form

4. Delivery Challan and

2. Suggested Ordering List

5. Bill.

3. Release Advice and Packing List

Annual Savings: Rs. 1,00,000







- Mail Receipt Register has been eliminated. Under the new system, the inward mail reaches the concerned person almost half a day earlier and, therefore, the replies are out that much earlier. No record whatsoever is kept of inward mail except registered letters, telegrams and parcels. There has been no complaint in this regard for ten years now. 2,50,000 pieces of mail are received per year.
- Mail Despatch Register has also been eliminated (five years ago). The mail goes out one day earlier and, therefore, the replies and monies come in one day earlier. No, there are no adverse repercussions to date ! 2,80,000 pieces of mail are sent out per year.
- Numbering of mail was eliminated after we eliminated the despatch register. This not only saves time of the mail room staff but allow the mail to go out that much faster. Also, record copies can be filed earlier as these do not have to be sent to the mail room. In the reference we have division's initials, file number and writer's initials along with date i.e. FED/101/PKB dated 24-6-1973.





- Postage Stamps are not used at all. Instead a franking machine is used. Further, Rs. 9.99 Roneo Franking Machine is being used since 1968 for postage which gives any value of postage upto Rs. 9.99 in one pressing of the lever. With this machine, mail despatch register or keeping of postage account is not necessary at all. Prior approval of the auditors is essential.
- Registered Letters Journal was introduced which is issued by the Post Office. An ordinary register was being used to record outgoing registered letters. Earlier our man would spend many hours at the post office window to get the receipts of the registered letters. Next day he would give the receipts as well as the account of the monies he spent. The mail room supervisor had to "marry" the receipts in the register as well as account for the postage amount. Now, the supervisor merely records the letters in the journal as he was doing in the register plus figures out the postage and mentions it there. This journal alongwith the letters are sent out to the post office where the original page is kept and the duplicate is stamped. The amount is adjusted against our deposit. The duplicate in the register becomes our postage account as well. Incidentally, similar facility is available for telegrams as well i. e. Telegram Fund Account.
- Pre-addressed Envelopes: Bradma (addressograph machine) printed pre-addressed envelopes were finally introduced. Earlier, each stenographer/typist was typing his own envelopes. Typing of each envelope costed 10 P. Sometimes 2 or even 3 letters would go to a dealer from the same department. Typing the same address again and again can be no pleasure for any one.

Annual Savings: 20,000 Started: 1963

[&]quot;Of all the damnable waste of human life, clerking is the worst. Fifty thousand entries a year that poor wretch makes and not ten of the fifty thousand ever referred to again." GEORGE BERNARD SHAW.



ROUTING OF CORRESPONDENCE



Before:



All inward and outward mail first went to the General Manager, Manager, Assistant Manager. This delayed papers going to the action table even by three days at times.

Now:



It was decided that the incoming mail should go directly to the section incharge who has to take the necessary action. Similarly, outward mail also goes now directly from the section-in-charge. The logic is that the officers can see the mail while being processed. Paper work is like any production line where the Production Manager goes daily just to watch the progress than doing the job himself. So why not the Paper Managers?

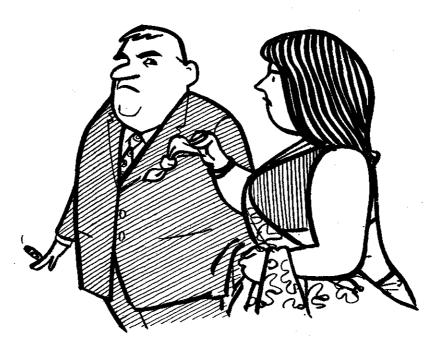
Statistics, someone has said are often used as a drunkard uses a lamp post — not to light his way but to support his instability.

Annual Savings: Rs. 15,000





AUTOMATIC REMINDER SYSTEM



- An automatic reminder system is being followed both for inward and outward mail.
- And this is done through ordinary lever file having dividers dated 5th, 10th, 15th, 20th, 25th and 30th. This file is kept with the secretary.
- •• The officer decides on the incoming mail as to when he wants to take action. The secretary files it according to the date written on the paper. For the outward mail—the officer decides at the dictation time as to when the reminder has to go and this is done through an extra copy.
- •• On the reminder day the officer notes the action on each paper or gives another date and the secretary takes the required action.
- Under this system no paper remains "pending" either with the officer or secretary but only in the file. The person concerned is thus able to take timely action.

Letters :

inside address consists of name and station of the party. "Block" typing is used—everything starts from the left hand side which saves typists time. All correspondence including bills, circulars etc. have a reference starting with the initials of the division i.e. FED. In closing we write "Genuinely yours" which has a special meaning in Spare Parts business i.e. Genuine Spare Parts.

Annual Savings: Rs. 7,500 Started: 1969



RETENTION OF RECORDS (BINDING)



- We find binding of records is a simple but a very useful idea. Records stay permanently in their seriality, stay fresh longer, can't be removed, and are easy to be referred to, and well preserved.
- •• For instance, at one year closing—our auditors found that a particular bill was missing. It took 3 people half a day to find it! We decided there and then to start the binding of records which require reference at a later date.
- ■■ We get the following bound:
- Bills, Cash Memos, Debit and Credit Notes, Internal Bills, Receipt Reports, Despatch Advices, Purchase Orders, Bills received, Vouchers etc. As soon as they are 100—we get them bound.
- •• A binder cames to us every 1st and 3rd Monday and charges us Rs. 1.50 per book.
- •• There was no resistence. Our accounts people were very happy and for a change, smiled at the expense!
- No time is lost in hunting for the missing documents and reference to the documents is very quick. Time is saved as no repairs to documents are required which may be necessary if documents are lying loose. And our old records look like a library.
- •• Filing Important Documents is done in transparant PVC pockets which can hold 10 to 15 sheets and 20 such pockets bound in a file. Inserting and removing papers is very convenient. An additional precautionery measure is the use of edge binding machine (generally used in the drawing offices) which runs a tape on all the sides of the important documents. Licences is a very good example which can be "filed" under this expensive manner. Another system is "SKIN Packaging" though this does not have the advantage of inserting and removing the papers.
- •• Filing Cabinets were thrown out in 1968! It is more convenient and economical to use lever files and keep them in conventional steel racks—10' high—Godrej type. Top two shelves are earmarked for the files which are referred to very occasionally.

Annual Savings: Rs. 5,000



RECORDS DESTRUCTION

AH!



- •• At the end of the year, records not required, (according to our auditor's approved list in regard to retention of documents), are destroyed. This annual house cleaning has made reference a very easy job. But it can be a continuous process too.
- Retention life of documents was determined in consultation with Company Central Accounts, Auditors and the Legal Department. All documents are now stored in accordance with this plan.
- •• Initially, there were objections and fears in the minds of the people and they had "in case" fears. When specifically asked for instances, there was no answer. To provide adequate checks, items to be destroyed are listed in a register. A manager initials such entries before records can be destroyed.
- The retained records are kept as if it is a library. And, then, there is savings in office storage space.

OVERHEAD (!!) BEFORE BURNING
THESE PAPERS,
LET ME
MAKE SURE
THEY'RE IN
ALPHABETICAL ORDER

Annual Savings: Rs. 7,500







We pre-punch all our forms and other papers except Letter Heads right at the printing stage, thus eliminating the punching operation done at filing stage at our as well as our dealer's end. It amounts to almost 1,00,00,000 punches per year!

We were able to free the filing assistant from the drudgery of punching papers. This enabled him to keep his filing uptodate.

[&]quot;Dr. Robert Sobel, Associate Professor of History at Hofstra University, says that the British created a civil service job in 1803 calling for a man to stand on the cliffs of Dover with a spyglass. He was supposed to ring a bell if he saw Napoleon coming. The job was only abolished in 1945."







- •• "Honour System" in stationery is used. Any staff member can help himself with whatever he requires of the stationery item. No record is, therefore, kept of the issues. This system has been working quite satisfactorily. Every one is happy about it. No, no pilferage! Only gain of goodwill!!
- •• We used to ask for stubs of old pencils. Accidently we came to know that some smart persons on receipt of new pencils would break them and return the stubs for more new pencils!
- Personally we believe that efforts to save in this area backfires.

Annual Savings : Rs. 5,000

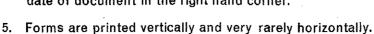






BUSINESS FORMS

- Please refer to attached Bill and Rush/Supplementary Order Forms. The forms bring out the following and this applies to every other form:
 - Standard size of 11"×8½"
 - 2. Pre-punched
 - 3. Colour Scheme
 - 1. White as Party's copy
 - 2. Yellow as Record copy
 - Pink as Accounts copy and
 - 4. Green as Miscellaneous
 - 4. Name and address details in the left hand corner. "To" or "From" and the reference details in the middle. Name, number and date of document in the right hand corner.



- 6. Form to be filled by hand are duly lined (Specimen C) and those that are to be typed are not lined at all (Specimen B). Spacing and line arrangement is such that the typist does not have to re-align.
- 7. The forms start right from the top—so that conventional 2" space is not wasted.
- 8. Forms are received from the printers in the pad form—25 sets in each pad.
- •• In addition, the following has been done:-
 - 1) There is one continuation sheet for all the forms.
 - The numbered forms are in pad form instead of in a book form. This way the record copy-yellow one-goes to a lever file and as soon as these are hundred—they are bound in a book. Earlier in the book system-the "used" books took more space and looked ugly.
 - 3) Two size of letter heads $11'' \times 8\frac{1}{2}''$ and $5\frac{1}{2}'' \times 8\frac{1}{2}''$ thus using one size of envelope.
 - 4) There were separate order forms for each Product. Separate for Rush and Supplementary. And again, 4 copies if prepared by the dealer and 4 copies if the office prepared. All these (12) were merged into one-Specimen C.
 - There was separate form for debit note (black ink) and credit note (red ink). It became Debit/Credit Note and size increased to the standard size of $11'' \times 8\frac{1}{2}''$.



TO:

BILLL

No.: SPD/

DATE

ESCORTS SPAREPARTS DIVISION MATHU

Regd. Off.: Escorts House, Roshanara Road, Delhi-110007

YOUR REFERENCE:

OUR REFERENCE:

L.S.T. No. GRG-III-7269 C.S.T. No. GRG-CST-3790

Carriers:

R/R No. & Date:

FARIDABAD

Pkgs.

From: FARIDABAD

Freight Rs.:

To:

To Pay/Paid. Weight:

M/S. NEW INDIA ASSURANCE CO. LTD.

(HARYANA)

Decl. No. & Date

CST No:

Connaught House, Connaught Place, New Delhi.

Open Policy No.: 253100139

PAYMENT:

DIRECT

DOCUMENTS THROUGH BANK

CHEQUE ATTACHED

REGISTERED

The Manager,

We take pleasure in enclosing herewith the above documents which may please be delivered to the above referred party against payment mentioned below i.e. Total amount payable on the following terms and conditions :-

- Collect Form 'C' duly completed in all respect or alternatively 7% additional Sales-Tax on the Net amount of Bill (i.e. Item No. 1) should be charged.
- 2. If documents are not retired IMMEDIATELY when presented please collect interest at 12% p.a.
- Your collection and remittance charges are to be borne by the drawees.
- Payment should be sent by Non-Negotiable Demand Draft or Bankers Cheque payable at NEW DELHI in the name of "Escorts Limited, Spareparts Division." and to be sent to Farm Equipment Division, 18/4, Mathura Road, Faridabad (Haryana).

Please ask for our further instructions if the Bill is not paid within 10 days from the date of presentation.

PART NO.

QTY.

RATE

EXTENSION

PART NO.

OTY.

RATE

EXTENSION

SPECIMEN



DESCRIPTION

Merged

AMOUNT.

- Spareparts supplied as per list attached with Dealer's copy of Bill
- Add 3% Central Sales Tax
- Add 1% Forwarding Charges
- **Labour Charges**
- Freight/Postage
- Add Insurance

TOTAL AMOUNT PAYABLE

includes letter to the bank

Becomes covering letter to the copy of the Processed Order and, therefore, becomes BILL

Format similar to other forms.

E. & O. E.

Prepared By:

Checked By:

In case where Bills are sent directly, please forward to us immediately Declaration Form 'C'/'D' in duplicate, if applicable, duly completed in support of this BILL as required under the Central Sales-Tax Act. Should you fail to submit this Declaration Form within 30 days of the date of this bill, you will be charged additional Tax involved without any reference to you.

DON'T LOSE A CUSTOMER FOR WANT

BANK/PARTY'S COPY

For ESCORTS LIMITED Spareparts Division

Authorised Signatory

Form No. SPD-B-1-9-73

BILLL

No : SPD/

DATE

ESCORTS LIMITED SPAREPARTS DIVISION 19/6, MATHURA ROAD FARIDABAD (HARYANA)

Regd. Off.: Escorts House, Roshanara Road, Delhi-110007

YOUR REFERENCE:

OUR REFERENCE:

.....

L.S.T. No. GRG-III-7269 C.S.T. No. GRG-CST-3790

Carriers:

R/R No. & Date:

Pkgs.

TO:

From: FARIDABAD

Freight Rs.:

To:

To Pay/Paid. Weight:

Insured with:

M/S. NEW INDIA ASSURANCE CO. LTD.

Decl. No. & Date

CST No :

Connaught House, Connaught Place, New Delhi.

Open Policy No.: 253100139

•

PAYMENT: | DIRECT

□ DOCUMENTS THROUGH BANK □ CHEQUE ATTACHED

REGISTERED

The Manager,

We take pleasure in enclosing herewith the above documents which may please be delivered to the above referred party against payment mentioned below i.e. Total amount payable on the following terms and conditions:—

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- Your collection and remittance charges are to be borne by the drawees.
- 4. Payment should be sent by Non-Negotiable Demand Draft or Bankers Cheque payable at NEW DELHI in the name of "Escorts Limited, Spareparts Division." and to be sent to Farm Equipment Division, 18/4, Mathura Road, Faridabad (Haryana).

Please ask for our further instructions if the Bill is not paid within 10 days from the date of presentation.

PART NO.

OTY.

RATE

EXTENSION

PART NO.

QTY.

RATE

EXTENSION

SPECIMEN 'B'



DESCRIPTION

Merged

AMOUNT

- 1. Spareparts supplied as per list attached with Dealer's copy of Bill
- 2. Add 3% Central Sales Tax
- 3. Add 1% Forwarding Charges
- 4. Labour Charges
- Freight/Postage
- 6. Add Insurance

TOTAL AMOUNT PAYABLE

Includes letter to the bank

Becomes covering letter to the copy of the Processed Order and, therefore, this becomes BILL.

Format similar to other forms.

E. & O. E.

Prepared By:

Checked By:

In case where Bills are sent directly, please forward to us immediately Declaration Form 'C'/'D' in duplicate, if **applicable**, duly completed in support of this BILL as required under the Central Sales-Tax Act. Should you fail to submit this Declaration Form within 30 days of the date of this bill, you will be charged additional Tax involved without any reference to you.

For ESCORTS LIMITED
Spareparts Division

DON'T LOSE A CUSTOMER FOR WANT OF A PART

PARTY'S COPY

Authorised Signatory

Form No. SPD-B-1-9-73

TO:

BILLL

No.: SPD/

DATE

ESCORTS SPAREPARTS DIVISION MATHURA ROAD FARIDABAD (HARYANA)

⊇egd. Off.: Escorts House, Roshanara Road, Delhi-110007

YOUR REFERENCE:

OUR REFERENCE:

L.S.T. No. GRG-III-7269 C.S.T. No. GRG-CST-3790

Carriers:

From: FARIDABAD

To:

R/R No. & Date:

Pkgs.

Freight Rs.:

To Pay/Paid. Weight:

Insured with:

M/S. NEW INDIA ASSURANCE CO. LTD.

Decl. No. & Date

CST No:

Connaught House, Connaught Place, New Delhi.

Open Policy No.: 253100139

PAYMENT: 🗆 DIRECT 📋 DOCUMENTS THROUGH BANK 📋 CHEQUE ATTACHED REGISTERED

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OTY.

RATE

EXTENSION

PART NO.

QTY.

RATE

EXTENSION

SPECIMEN



DESCRIPTION

Merged

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- 3. Add 1% Forwarding Charges
- Labour Charges
- Freight/Postage
- Add Insurance

Includes letter to the bank

Becomes covering letter to the copy of the Processed Order and, therefore, becomes BILL

Format similar to other forms.

TOTAL AMOUNT PAYABLE

E. & O. E.

Prepared By:

Checked By:

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DON'T LOSE A CUSTOMER FOR WANT OF A PART

PARTY'S COPY

ESCORTS LIMITED Spareparts Division

Authorised Signatory

Form No. SPD-B-1-9-73



ESCORTS SPAREPARTS D I MATHURA ROAD FARIDABAD (HARYANA)

Regd. Off.: Escorts House, Roshanara Road, Delhi-110007

BILL

No.: SPD/

DATE

YOUR REFERENCE:

OUR REFERENCE:

L.S.T. No. GRG-III-7269

C.S.T. No. GRG-CST-3790

Carriers:

R/R No. & Date:

Pkgs.

From: FARIDABAD

To:

Freight Rs.:

To Pay/Paid. Weight:

Insured with: M/S. NEW INDIA ASSURANCE CO. LTD. Connaught House, Connaught Place, New Delhi.

Decl. No. & Date

CST No:

PAYMENT:

DIRECT DOCUMENTS THROUGH BANK CHEQUE ATTACHED

Open Policy No.: 253100139

REGISTERED

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SPECIMEN



DESCRIPTION

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AMOUNT

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Includes letter to the bank

- Becomes covering letter to the copy of the Processed Order and, therefore, this becomes BILL
- Format similar to other forms.

TOTAL AMOUNT PAYABLE

E. & O. E.

Prepared By:

Checked By:

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ESCORTS LIMITED Spareparts Division

DON'T LOSE A CUSTOMER FOR WANT OF A PART

RECORD COPY

Authorised Signators

UNE: 2/11 (10 LINES) GKAMS : SPAKEPAKIS BILL TO: No.: SPD/ DATE ESCORTS YOUR REFERENCE: ARIDABAD (HARYANA) GRG-III-7269 L.S.T. No. OUR REFERENCE: Regd. Off.: Escorts House, Roshanara Road, Delhi-110007 C.S.T. No. GRG-CST-3790 From: FARIDABAD To: Carriers: To Pay/Paid. Weight: R/R No. & Date : Pkgs. Freight Rs.: M/S. NEW INDIA ASSURANCE CO. LTD. CST No: Decl. No. & Date Connaught House, Connaught Place, New Delhi. Open Policy No.: 253100139 PAYMENT: 🛘 DIRECT 🔄 DOCUMENTS THROUGH BANK 🖫 CHEQUE ATTACHED REGISTERED The Manager, We take pleasure in enclosing herewith the above documents which may please be delivered to the above referred party against payment mentioned below i.e. Total amount payable on the following terms and conditions:-Collect Form 'C' duly completed in all respect or alternatively 7% additional Sales-Tax on the Net amount of Bill (i.e. Item No. 1) should be charged. 2. If documents are not refired IMMEDIATELY when presented please collect interest at 12% p.a. Your collection and remittance charges are to be borne by the drawees. Payment should be sent by Non-Negotiable Demand Draft or Bankers Cheque payable at NEW DELHI in the name of "Escorts Limited, Spareparts Division." and to be sent to Farm Equipment Division, 18/4, Mathura Road, Faridabad (Haryana). Please ask for our further instructions if the Bill is not paid within 10 days from the date of presentation. PART NO. OTY. RATE **EXTENSION** PART NO. OTY RATE EXTENSION SPECIMEN Merged DESCRIPTION AMOUNT Includes letter to the bank Spareparts supplied as per list attached with Dealer's copy of Bill' Becomes covering letter to the copy of the Add 3% Central Sales Tax Processed Order and. therefore, this Add 1% Forwarding Charges becomes BILL 4. Labour Charges Format similar to other forms. Freight/Postage 6. Add Insurance TOTAL AMOUNT PAYABLE E. & O. E. In case where Bills are sent directly, please forward to us immediately ESCORTS LIMITED Declaration Form 'C'/'D' in duplicate, if applicable, duly completed in support Spareparts Division Prepared By:

Form No. SPD-B-1-9-73

Checked By:

of this BILL as required under the Central Sales-Tax Act. Should you fail to submit this Declaration Form within 30 days of the date of this bill, you will be charged additional Tax involved without any reference to you.

DON'T LOSE A CUSTOMER FOR WANT OF A PART

ACCOUNTS COPY

Authorised Signatory



ESCORTS SPAREPARTS MATHURA ROAD FARIDABAD (HARYANA)

Pegd. Off.: Escorts House, Roshanara Road, Delhi-110007

1	TO	:
1		

BILL

No.: SPD/

DATE

YOUR	REFERENCE

OUR REFERENCE:

L.S.T. No. GRG-111-7269

C.S.T. No. GRG-CST-3790

Carriers:

R/R No. & Date:

Pkgs.

From: FARIDABAD

Freight Rs.:

To:

To Pay/Paid. Weight:

Insured with:

M/S. NEW INDIA ASSURANCE CO. LTD.

Decl. No. & Date

CST No:

Connaught House, Connaught Place, New Delhi.

PAYMENT:

DIRECT DOCUMENTS THROUGH BANK CHEQUE ATTACHED

Open Policy No.: 253100139

REGISTERED

The Manager,

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PART NO.

QTY.

RATE

EXTENSION

PART NO.

OTY.

RATE

EXTENSION

SPECIMEN



DESCRIPTION

Merged

AMOUNT

- Spareparts supplied as per list attached with Dealer's copy of Bill
- 2. Add 3% Central Sales Tax
- 3. Add 1% Forwarding Charges
- Labour Charges
- Freight/Postage
- Add Insurance

Includes letter to the bank

- Becomes covering letter to the copy of the Processed Order and, therefore, this becomes BILL
- Format similar to other forms.

TOTAL AMOUNT PAYABLE

E. & O. E.

Prepared By:

Checked By:

In case where Bills are sent directly, please forward to us immediately Declaration Form 'C'/'D' in duplicate, if applicable, duly completed in support of this BILL as required under the Central Sales-Tax Act. Should you fail to submit this Declaration Form within 30 days of the date of this bill.

you will be charged additional Tax involved without any reference to you.

DON'T LOSE A CUSTOMER FOR WANT OF A PART

TAXATION COPY

For ESCORTS LIMITED Spareparts Division

Form No. SPD-B-1-9-73

Authorised Signatory

ESCORTS BILL COPY

know what is being supplied.

Becomes BILL.

Phone: 2	711 (10 Lin	es)	•	Şran	ns:	SPA	AREI	PAR		From : M/s Address	······································	•	Code No.		RUSH	/SUPP	LEME	NTAF	RY ORD	ER 4
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भारतीय ङाक-तार विभाग स SPECIMEN : De INDIAN POSTS AND TEMEGRAPHS DEPAREMENT.

सेवा में; भेजने वाले का ज्ञामः व पता To Sender's name

and address

प्रेषण-दक्तर के नाम की मोहर Name stamp of Office of posting ESCORTS LIMITED.

Spare Parts Division 19/6, Mathura Road, FARIDABAD-121002



Improved

:. We get this form printed ourselves.

With pre-printed information.

Hindi 10-2/56] C. 40-114/50]

MGIFPAh.—4—2-4-61—1,12,09,000.

MGIFPAh,-217-17-5-61-1,31,15,000.

*श्रवस्था के श्रनुसार यहां पर 'पत्र', 'पोस्टकार्ड', 'पैकेट', या 'पासलें' लिखिये श्रीर यदि होक वेस्तु बीमा की हुई हो तो 'बीमा-कृत' ये शब्द पहले लिखिये।

*Write here 'letter'', ''postcard'', ''packet'', or ''parcel'' as the case may be, preceded , by the word ''insured'' if the article is insured.

†केवल बीमा-वस्तुओं के लिये ; अन्यशा इसे काट दिया जाय।

†To be filled up only in the case of insured articles, and to be scored out in the case of other articles.

ORWARDING NOTE FOR GENERAL MERCHANDISE

A. X.

(Approved by the Central Government for use on all Railways under Section 72 of the Indian Railways Act, of 1890) To the Station Master Central Railway Faridabad Station.

Please receive the undermentioned consignment and forward by goods and/or Mixed Train*/Coaching and/or Mixed Train*/to.....Railway as consigned below: Station on the....

	rreignt paid/to pay	SPECIMEN 'F' Improved We get this form printed ourselves	מאונון סופיסוווופת הויסוויומוסווי
Sender's weight	Kigs.		•
Sender	Quin.		
Description &	Private Marks		
	ino, or articles		-
	ol gongie		
To whom consigned	Name & Address	T O E	
By whom consigned	Name & Address	ESCORTS LIMITED SPAREPARTS DIVISION SALES DEPARTMENT 19/6, MATHURA ROAD, FARIDABAD (Haryana)	

do hereby certify that I have satisfied myself that the description, marks and weight or quantity of goods consigned by me have been correctly entered

- (1) Internal Packing condition IP/- application has been */has not been complied with.
 - (2) Outer packing is defective as follows:
- * (3) The consignment is in bad condition as follows:—
-have been complied with. **4**

.....applicable to the commodity.....

- At my request the consignment is despatched in open.....
- To be forwarded via(a dearer route*) at my request. 8
- * Strike out where inapplicable.
- * Strike out any clause inapplicable before signing the form.

Signature of sender or his

Agent For ESCORTS LIMITED, Spareparts Division

The attention of the sender or his agent is invited to the principal terms and condition applying to the carriage of goods by railway which are sent fourth in the Railway's Goods and Coaching Tariffs and to the explanatory notes on the back hereof,*

NOTE:--Additions or alterations made in the above entries must be signed (not initialled) by the sender or his agent.

TO L

(THE FORM BELOW TO BE FILLED IN BY THE RAILWAY STAFF UNLY

Weighed by	Loaded byDated	Invoiced by		To be carried via
Weight	Kilograms			
M 45000 0000	Quin.		1	•
•	Description			
	No. of articles			

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	Ę,	Floor area			· • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	: <u>5</u>
	Particulars of wagon	C. C.			7 () () () () () () () () () (4.000
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EXPLANATORY NOTES

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Contained to the contained

- Where an internal packing condition has been shown in Tariff against a commodity, the fact whether the internal packing prescribed has been provided or not should be recorded in Clause (*) Overleaf. The consignment will not be accepted for carriage unless the declaration as per clause (1) overleaf not should be recorded in Clause (*) Overleaf.
 - A consignment not packed in accordance with the railway rules will not be accepted for carriage unless the nature of the defect e.g.* not packed as railway rules*, "2 cases plank broken"; "12 drums leaky" etc. etc. is recorded against Clause (2) overleaf. **⊗**
 - A consignment which is already in leak condition will not be accepted for carriage unless the exact condition e. g. "bales wet", "contents smelling" etc. etc. is recorded in Clause (3) overleaf. 9
- Where a compulsory packing condition has been shown in the Tariff against a commodity, the consignment will not be accepted for carriage unless internal and outer packing condition prescribed have been completed with the declaration as per Clause (4) overleaf is recorded. **4**
 - When a sender desires to despatch unopen vehicles or vessels, consignment which would otherwise be carried in covered vehicles or vessels he must enter the word "vehicles" or "vessels" as the case may be, in the appropriate place in clause (3) overleaf. When alternative railway risk and owner's risk rates are quoted, latter will apply unless the sender, in Clause (6) overleaf, enters the words "railway risk" 6
- When a consignment is to be forwarded via other than the shortest route at the sender's request, the route by which the consignment is to be forwarded when he will pay or engage to pay the higher charge and will receive a certificate to this effect. 9
- must be recorded in Clause (7) overleaf. 8

When a consignment is to be charged via the next cheapest open route, the cheapest route being closed or partially closed; the route by which the consignment to be charged must be recorded in Clause (8) overleaf.

NOTE: .- All clauses and words which are inapplicable are to be struck out before the Forwarding Note is signed.

DIRECTORATE GENERAL OF SUPPLIES AND DISPOSALS—BILL FORM

ORIGINAL

Accounts Office Copy Note:—(1) To be completed in accordance with the instructions laid down in the pamphlet containing instructions to contractors for preparation and submission of bills. (2) Contractors to Strike out portions not required at 1 to 8. (3) Certificate, if any, required as per terms of the contract may be furnished on reverse duly attested under dated signature of the contractors.

M/s. Escorts Limited 3. For supply against— Spareparts Division (b) Acceptance of Tender No. & Dated 19/6, Mathura Road, dated (Haryana) Faridabad (Haryana) Rate/Running contracts/ dated 2900 dt. 9.7.70 dated 2900 dt. 9.7.70 Angliyay Station Note [W.S.B.65(S)] B. No. and date of the letter forwarding documents to the consignee	W.F. Accounting Unit Quantity Price per Unit Amount	ferged CERTIFICATES' on the eliminated our typing ately.	on has been pre- Net Amount claimed under Rupees	Please pay by cheque to Self Spare Parts Limited Spare Parts Division Contractor's dated Signature	(For use in the office of the Accounts Off Amount of Bill Departmental fees at % on Rs. Total amount debited Bank Bank	Name of the Bankers (where necessary) Treasury
1. Progress Payment Balance Payment Advance 100% Payment Advance 90% Payment Public Tariff Rate Despatched: (i) Freight paid at (ii) Freight paid at (ii) Consignes's name and address (ii) Consignes's name and address (iii) Consignes's name and address Afread of Account to which cost of Stores billed for is debitable (iii) Consignes's name and address Afread of Account to which cost of Stores billed for is debitable (iii) Consignes's name and address Afread of Account to which cost of Stores billed for is debitable (iii) Consignes's name and address Afread of Account to which cost of Stores billed for is debitable	Item No. Description of Item SPECIMEN	Merged Please see the 'CER' reverse which elimi certificates seperately.	(In words) Rupees printed.	Received Payment Contractor's dated Signature For Escorts Limited Original Spare Parts Division	Authorised Signatory Voucher No. Reasons of objection (if any) Noted in O. B. Page Pay Rs.	Nupress Accounte (Tarly

CERTIFICATE/DECLARATIONS

Certified that the goods on which Sales-Tax has been charged have not been exempted under the Central-Sales-Tax Act or the State Sales-Tax Act or the Rules made thereunder and the amount charged on account of Sales-Tax on these goods are not more than what is payable under the provision of relevant Act or the Rules made thereunder.

Certified further that we, Messrs ESCORTS LIMITED, Address 19/6, Mathura Road, Faridabad (Haryana) are registered as dealers in the state of Haryana under Local Registration No. GRG/III/7269 under Central Registration No. GRG/CST/3790 both dated 12.12.66 for purposes of Sales-Tax.

For ESCORTS LIMITED Spare Parts Division

Authorised Signatory

The changed part Nos. are exact replacement of parts ordered and are suitable for and will fit in the machine in the existing—fitting for which they are intended. The Indentor has been duly advised of the change in the part numbers.

For ESCORT'S LIMITED Spare Parts Division

Authorised Signatory

It is certified the supplies made against your above Bill do not relate to AUIL or Import Licence issued under IRC

Since the supplies are made after Import against our Import Licence the full Sales-Tax is payable.

For ESCORTS LIMITED

Spare Parts Division

Authorised Signatory

I have personally examined and verified and do hereby certify that the goods in respect of which the payment is being claimed have been actually despatched by me/us under R.R. No./BL No./ Air consignment Note No./ Postal Receipt No. duly drawn in favour of the consignee which is genuine and mentioned in the Bill and that I hold myself personally responsible for the correctness of this statement:

I further certify that the above mentioned R/R No. BL No./Air Consignment Note No./Postal Receipt No. has been forwarded to the consignee mentioned in the contract under registered post, acknowledgement due on.

For ESCORTS LIMITED Spare Parts Division

Authorised Signatory

DUPLICATE

DIRECTORATE GENERAL OF SUPPLIES AND DISPOSALS—BILL FORM

Note :-(1) To be completed in accordance with the instructions laid down in the pamphlet containing instructions to contractors for preparation and submission of bills. (2) Contractors to Strike out portions not required at 1 to 8, (3) Certificate, if any, required as per terms of the contract may be furnished on reverse duly attested under dated signature of the contractors.

No	Amount			for Escorts Limited Spare Parts Division ure	Accounts Officer) and Draft No
Cender No against Contract S/ L/III/ 3.65(S)] Sign documents	Price per Unit		Net Amount claimed under Rupees	Please pay by cheque to Self for E Spare Contractor's dated Signature	use in the office of Cheque/D Cheque/D Furchase Inspection where necessary)
Limited 3. For supply against— ivision (a) Indent No. & I ivision (b) Acceptance of J aryana) Rate/Running PROJ./RC-8511/E 2900 dt. 9.7.70 5. Inspection Note [W.S.I From Railway Station 8. No. and date of the letter forward	Quantity	0 D		Please pz	Classification Amount of Bill Departmental fees at % on Rs. Total amount debited Name of the Bankers (Gazetted Officer
M/s. Escorts Limited Spareparts Division 19/6, Mathura Road, Faridabad (Haryana) dated dated dated dated sin) From Railw 8. No. an	Accounting Unit	lerged CERTIFICATES' on the eliminated our typing	has been pre-		if any) Accountant
	SPECIMEN	see the which	Permanent information printed.		Voucher No. Reasons of objection (if any) Noted in O. B. Page Pay Rs. Rupees Accounts Clerk Acco
2. Ministry of Works, Housing and Supply Dr. to S/S riff Rate Material Rate Gredit Note Rate Postal Parcel No	Description of Item	Please reverse	Perman printed.	Ten paise Stamp on Original copy only	atory
Bill No Dated. In Public Tai Railway I Military C Military C and address and address e and address which cost of St or supply or	,			signature nimited ivision	Authorised Signatory
Progress Payment Balance Payment Final 100% Payment Advance 90% Payment Advance 90% Payment Despatched:— (i) Freight paid at (ii) Freight to pay (ii) Consignee's name at (iii) Consignee's name at (iii) Consignee's name at (iii) Consignee's name at (iiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiii	Item No.		(In words) Rupees	Received Payment Contractor's dated Signature For Escorts Limited Spare Parts Division	

CERTIFICATE/DECLARATIONS:

Certified that the goods on which Sales-Tax has been charged have not been exempted under the Central-Sales-Tax Act or the State Sales-Tax Act or the Rules made thereunder and the amount charged on account of Sales-Tax on these goods are not more than what is payable under the provision of relevant Act or the Rules made thereunder.

Certified further that we, Messrs ESCORTS LIMITED, Address 19/6, Mathura Road, Faridabad (Haryana) are registered as dealers in the state of Haryana under Local Registration No. GRG/III/7269 under Central Registration No. GRG/CST/3790 both dated 12.12.66 for purposes of Sales-Tax.

For ESCORTS LIMITED Spare Parts Division

Authorised Signatory

The changed part Nos. are exact replacement of parts ordered and are suitable for and will fit in the machine in the existing fitting for which they are intended. The Indentor has been duly advised of the change in the part numbers.

For ESCORTS LIMITED Spare Parts Division

Authorised Signatory

It is certified the supplies made against your above Bill do not relate to AUIL or Import Licence issued under IRC

Since the supplies are made after Import against our Import Licence the full Sales-Tax is payable.

For ESCORTS LIMITED Spare Parts Division

Authorised Signatory

I have personally examined and verified and do hereby certify that the goods in respect of which the payment is being claimed have been actually despatched by me/us under R.R. No./BL No./ Air consignment Note No./ Postal Receipt No. duly drawn in favour of the consignee which is genuine and mentioned in the Bill and that I hold myself personally responsible for the correctness of this statement.

I further certify that the above mentioned R/R No. BL No./Air Consignment Note No./Postal Receipt No. been forwarded to the consignee mentioned in the contract under registered post, acknowledgement due on.

For ESCORTS LIMITED Spare Parts Division

Authorised Signatory

D.G.S. & D. 135

DIRECTORATE GENERAL OF SUPPLIES AND DISPOSALS—BILL FORM

Note:—(1) To be completed in accordance with the instructions laid down in the pamphlet containing instructions to contractors for preparation and submission of bills. (2) Contractors for present of the contract may be furnished on reverse duly attested under dated signature of to Strike out portions not required at 1 to 8. (3) Certificate, if any, required as per terms of the contract may be furnished on reverse duly attested under dated signature of

(a) Inde Support of the let Rate PROJ./RC 2900 dt. 5. Inspection Noway Station Commentation of the let Quantity Ouantity Please p	SPECIMEN F. Merged Merged Which eliminated our the seperately. It information has been	Railway Material Rate Military Credit Note Rate and address. and address. Description o Description o Ten pai ted Stamp Led Stamp Copy or
(For use in the office of the Accounts Officer) Classification Cheque/Demand Draft No	Voucher No. Reasons of objection (if any)	Authorised Signatory
		1
rised		
		Ten paise
	nt information has been	(In words) Rupees
eg Je man served	ee the 'CERTIFICATES' on the which eliminated our typing is seperately.	u. e o
	pedia Weight	
Price per Unit	<u>, ù</u>	
way Station nd date of the letter forwarding documents to the consignee	(iii)	_
. 9.7.70 Note [W.S.B.65(S)]	Note No dated dated dated	Spatched:— Railway Material Rate Freight paid at Military Credit Note Rate
Supply Order No		
(a) Indent No. & Date (b) Acceptance of Tender		

CERTIFICATE/DECLARATIONS

Certified that the goods on which Sales-Tax has been charged have not been exempted under the Central-Sales-Tax Act or the State Sales-Tax Act or the Rules made thereunder and the amount charged on account of Sales-Tax on these goods are not more than what is payable under the provision of relevant Act or the Rules made thereunder.

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For ESCORTS LIMITED Spare Parts Division

Authorised Signatory





BUSINESS AND GOVERNMENT FORMS(Contd.) B-18

- 6) There was separate order form for the orders to be placed in India and another form for the orders to be placed on foreign suppliers. These were merged.
- 7) Gate Passes were of small odd size $6'' \times 4''$ in book form—these were standardised to $11'' \times 8\frac{1}{2}''$ sheets—4 to one page.
- 8) Preprinted Telegram Forms—typist has not to type "Not to be telegraphed/cabled:

ESCORTS LIMITED, Farm Equipment Division, 18/4, Mathura Road, Faridabad-121002 (Haryana)

Ref: FED/ Date:

GOVERNMENT FORMS

- • We found that it is cheaper to get the Government forms printed instead of taking them from the Government agencies. It is then possible to include Company's name and address, certificates and declarations and any other repetitive permanent nature of information. These points have been well illustrated by Specimens D, E & F which are:
 - Registered Acknowledgement Due (Specimen D) (issued by the Post & Telegraph Department).
 - 2. Forwarding Note for General Merchandise (Specimen E) (issued by the Railways)
 - 3. Bill Form (with certificates printed on the reverse) (Specimen F) (issued by the Directorate General Supplies & Disposals office).
- •• This way forms are always available and even though there is an initial expenditure on printing and paper, it saves a lot of botheration and expenses while processing. And, also, this is a small way in which we can help the Government!

Annual Savings : Rs. 25,000







- Uncluttered tables are the order of the day. This is done by having well designed table drawers. Top drawer contains only pending papers (papers to be filed are kept in the place meant for it), the second drawer is for supporting documents such as parts catalogues, price lists and our reference articles and the third drawer for personal belongings. On the side runnerregisters and lever files etc. are kept.
- •• To us clean table means the occupant is an efficient one and not that he does not have enough work.
- •• At regular interval we check the tables and "dry clean" the contents. Surprisingly, every one wants to keep "his copy"-"in case"-he may need it, failing to realise that the office copy duly bound is lying only 20 feet away!
- People have tendency to "collect" papers like old women collect thingsprobably to keep themselves busy and occupied.
- •• Once we helped a Zonal Manager to "dry clean" his cabin—out of 50,000 sheets (including reports, books, statements)-30,000 were obsolete; 10,000 were available with others and only 10,000 he wanted to keep! Took us 2 hours to do the job. Later he told us that in addition to surplus space—he could find things in half the time!

Annual Savings: Rs. 5,000 (plus good house keeping)







HAVE DIGNITY OF LABOUR YOUR STAFF WILL LOVE YOU FOR IT!

- There are hardly any peons now.
- •• In 1967, the division was moved to new offices in Faridabad from Delhi. Serving of tea, water etc., is done by the canteen, collection and pick up of mail by the mail-room assistant; and departmental collection and distribution of mail is done by the secretaries. This system encourages the Managers and other supervisory staff to walk over to the next man and sometimes solve a problem!

No, no problems!

- •• The peons have not been missed. (The earlier peons were absorbed and not thrown out).
- • Conventionally, peons stand around and become more of obstruction—spread rumours and encourage gossip—because they are idle most of the time.

Electrical Switch Off System: In addition to individual switches for lights, fans and air conditioners etc.—there is one master switch. By switching off at the end of the day saving is achieved in electricity bill as well as building fire prevention into our system without spending very much extra!



COVERING LETTERS



Generally, a covering letter states what has been stated in its attached document. And, therefore, the better idea is to merge the letter into the document itself. For example:

- 1. Letters to the banks (Specimen G) were merged into the bills (Specimen B) (Volume: 12,000 bills per year).
- 2. Covering letters to the Purchase Orders were merged into the order form itself (2,000 per year).
- 3. The dealers are discouraged to send the covering letters alongwith their orders (14,000 per year).

[&]quot;If you are worried about the quality of the letters, ask your assistants to send you blind copies—but not hold up the letters for your reaction. You must be careful not to nitpick. If the letters are substandard, rewrite the worst ones and keep your drafts until you have a dozen or so. Then go in and discuss yours compared with theirs. They'll appreciate the help and their letters will improve."—ROBERT TOWNSEND



ESCORTS LIMITED

MOTORCYCLE AND SCOOTER DIVISION 19/6, MATHURA ROAD, FARIDABAD (HARYANA) SPECIMEN 'G'



197

PLEASE MARK REPLY

M/s	· .	Merged					
	COVERING LETTERS TO THE BILL						
		MERGED INTO THE BILL where documen are sent through our Bankers/Direct.					
Dear Sir (s)		See Specimen B					
We have pleasure in ser	nding herewith the und	ndernoted documents :—					
Our Bill No.	Date	Amount					
Please send us form 'O' be debiting the differ		y within a week's time or else we sha your account with us.					
Yours truly, for ESCORTS LIMITED Motorcycle and Scoote	r Division						

AUTHORISED SIGNATORY

Encl: As mentioned above.

PHONE: 2711 (10 LINES) • GRAMS: 'RAJDOOT' • TELEX NOS, NEW DELHI 233 BOMBAY 2235 & 3225 CALCUTTA 320 MADRAS 523 FARIDABAD 031-7339
HEAD OFFICE: POST BOX 187 - NEW DELHI • REGISTERED OFFICE: ESCORTS HOUSE, ROSHANARA ROAD, DELHI-7

FORM NO. MSD-12.03.50.100/11057



ESCORTS LIMITED

MOTORCYCLE AND SCOOTER DIVISION 19/6, MATHURA ROAD, FARIDABAD (HARYANA)

PLEASE MARK REPLY: MSD-64.01.



Merged

INDARJIT SINGH Sales Manager

Yours truly

For ESCORTS LIMITED

	1600 V	sillos: (to			
	W logatish	onthe Credit of We prepared individual pay linkstips (to be completed both cides) and then a summary closes.		SIT AGGOUNT.	
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	A SANT		Now the		
CHEQUE PAY IN SUF	PARTICULARS OF R	NOTES COINS CHEQUES		K .	Receiving C
ABC BANK OF INDIA	redit of				RECEIVING CASHIER OR OFFICER
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ESCORTS

SPAREPARTS DIVISION 19/6. MATHURA ROAD, FARIDABAD (HARYANA)

CURRENT A/C PAY IN SLIP
NATIONAL & GRINDLAYS BANK LTD.
"H' BLOCK, CONNAUGHT CIRCUS,
NEW DELHI-1

OUR A/C NO. 050272

VOUCHER NO.

DATE

DATE Š.

Ш	AMOUNT	Rs. P.								:			: -		
. & GRINDLAYS US	BANK & BRANCH														
FOR NATIONAL	S. CHEQUE OR DRAFT NUMBER		8 - 22		4	1	9		We list the cheques only in this form in quarduplicate and send this form in duplicate alongwith cheques to the bank.	The bank acknowledges the receipt of the cheques on duplicate and retains originals for their record.	cted per year.	у.		Started : 1970	
	INTEREST	Rs.	*			nen H.	i		cheques only ate and send longwith chequ	cknowledges 1 n duplicate an cord.	cheques are transacted per year.	Fourth remains record copy	=	6	 1 ½
E	BILLS REC.	Rs.			: i.,	See Specin		<u>i-</u>	We list the quarduplic duplicate a	The bank cheques of for their re	10,000 ched Third dopy	Fourth rem	•		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
FOR ESCORTS US	NAME & STATION		SPECIMEN 11'	Before					Now:					ual Savings : Rs. 5,000	
	BILL NO.		S S							:				Annual	
	CODE		:			:							-		

ESCORTS LIN

FARIDABAD

No.	Rs.	og den demand oleade po		Rupeed	G	fon value necelvea viae 7 Dated	باع	
(Regd. Office: Escorts House, Roshanara Road, Delhi-110007.)	Dated					Date	Date	For ESCORTS LIMITED
(Regd. Office: E	No	Amount	Drawee		Bank's Name	R/R No	Invoice No.	

ESCORTS LIM

SPECIMEN J.

FARIDABAD

(Regd. Office: Escorts House, Roshanara Road, Delhi-110007.) Dated 197		On demand please pay to that Orden of	Reduced	No one knows how, when and why it was only	for value neceived vide havoice No. it to the banks alongwith our hills — no	one asked for it.	. We used to send it alongwith 10,000 of our house bank.		
(R	Rs.	On demand plead	Кирееф	9	fon value neceived vic	Dated	الم		
007.}								LIMITED	

Annual Savings : Rs. 5,000

MSD,03-45-100.40.280973



DISCOUNT CALCULATIONS



Before:



After the Dealers orders have been processed (cardexing, picking, packing and despatching), the orders would come to the Pricing Section. An assistant would put the rates, retail prices, in the Rush/Supplementary orders or correct the rates (wherever required) in the stock Orders as it already have got the rates printed in them. Along with rates he would mention the discount category of the items i.e. very fast (15%), fast (20%), medium (25%), and slow (30%). He would then multiply the rates into quantity ordered to arrive at the extension amount. These extension amounts are added up to arrive at the gross amount of the bill. He could then add up the items category-wise to arrive at the item-wise discounts. To arrive at the net amount of the bill,

these discounts are deducted from the gross amount of the bill. All this is checked again by another assistant. All this work requires experienced assistants. Every day doing these calculations again and again—for years—was no fun for anyone. Confidentially the boys told us that even in their sleeps they would dream about figures and in fact did get grey hair. Our billing was generally one week to ten days late. Inspite of various precautions we still had mistakes in our bills. Dealers wrote to us whenever these were against them! This would result in correspondence and associated credit notes and occasionally debit notes.

We were forced to look around the billing systems of various Companies similar to ours as well as different from ours. We eventually found the answer—the very simple one! (This does happen—quite many times as difficult problems have very simple answers).

Now:

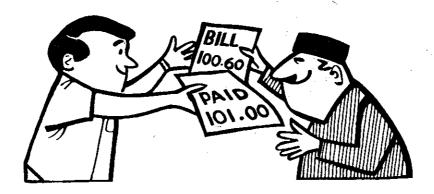


We started billing the Dealers at nett prices i.e. retail prices less respective discounts. In our price list we have two columns i.e. Retail and Nett. When we bill the dealers we calculate on the basis of Nett rates while when dealers sell they refer to the Retail column. Incidentally, for customers use we have same price lists except the Nett rates column is missing. We got the thought starter from a visit to a pharmaceutical company who were using Bradma invoicing system—very excellent for quite many applications and very economical one.

Annual Savings : 15,000



ROUNDING OF RUPEES



- Amount figures of value of the bill, CST, P & F, Insurance, Labour, Totals
 etc., are rounded off to the nearest rupee. Therefore, no paisas in our
 bills at all.
- •• The nett prices in our price list on the basis of which we prepare the bills have also been rounded off to "two digits" plus issuing of parts in multiples of 10 and 100—if the value of such part is less than Re. 1 and Rs. 10 respectively.
- This is our humble contribution to reduce the drudgery of poor accountants.

CASH HANDLING

•• We avoid handling cash. We send our goods freight to-pay and receive goods freight paid. We settle as many payments as possible through account payee cheques. And we pay for registered letters postage through Registered Letters Journal Account with the Post Office. We issue cheques weekly. Salary is paid by cheques to all supervisory staff and above, which avoids handling of cash by 50% of salary amount.



An Accountant stood at the pearly gates,
His face was worn and old;
He meekly asked the man of fate
Admission to the fold.

'What have you done ?' St. Peter asked
'To seek admission here ?'
'I was an Accountant back on earth
For almost twenty years.'

The gates swung open swiftly
As Peter touched a bell,
'Come in,' he said, 'and take a harp,
You've had enough of Hell.'

Annual Savings: Rs. 8,000

ORIGINAL

ESCORTS LIMITED

.. We send out 2,000 cheques and receive 12,000 cheques per year. We neither expect the official receipt nor we give unless the party insists. The reverse side of our (Regd. Office: Escorts House, Roshanara Road, Delhi-110007) FICIAL RECEIPT cheque becomes the receipt. Accountant Eliminated Nor Amy MORE !! the sum of Rupees. Cashier Received from in the form of in payment of_ SPECIMEN 'K' Received by :

Subject to collection if in a form other than coin or Bank Notes Annual Savings: Rs. 5,000



B - 27







Before:



Bills were signed by the Manager/Supervisor and because of the number of bills it was not possible to do the intended In real practice, it resulted in signing of bills checking. blindly!

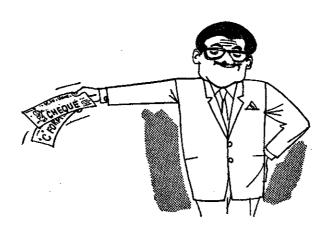
Now:



It was decided to allow the incharge of the pricing section to This not only saved the time of a senior person but made the checking more meaningful. (12,000 bills annually are signed).

Annual Savings: Rs. 8,000





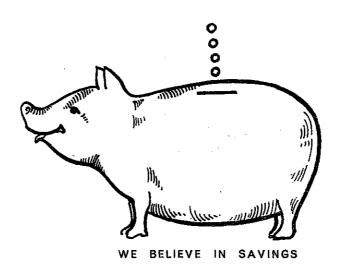
- When we make payments to our suppliers—we send the cheque alongwith 'C' form. This reduces our and our supplier's paper work and follow-up.
- •• Similarly, we encourage our dealers to do so and if they do—we send them the goods faster i.e. goods are sent directly instead of through the bank.
- •• Experience has taught us to be uptodate in sending as well as receiving of 'C' forms. "A stitch in time saves nine"—truly applies in here.
- •• On a few occassions we burnt our fingers and we now make sure that our dealers have valid registration of products to issue 'C' forms which will be accepted by the authorities.
- •• Under no circumstances we continue to supply the goods if 'C' forms are not received in time.

"One good plan is for the chief executive to insist that he must personally use every form in the company before it's installed. Like: requisition forms (for pencils, pads, or air tickets), long-distance-telephone-call forms, or Personnel Department forms. And his secretary can't fill in the form for him."—ROBERT TOWNSEND

Annual Savings: Rs. 7,000



BILLS READY BEFORE GOODS GO



- In the execution of orders—as we have eliminated delivery challans, bin cards and packing list—we see that the goods leave at the earliest and we get our moneys at the earliest as well.
- •• We prepare the bills by converting the original orders (Specimen A & C) into bill details list to which is attached the covering sheet i.e. the bill form itself (Specimen B). Very little typing is done and so is the checking of rates and extensions.
- •• This enables us to prepare the bills economically and efficiently before the goods go! Suppose the goods have been packed by 3 P.M. the pricing section makes the bill by 9 A.M. next day enabling goods to go for despatch before 11 A.M. The goods receipt 'G/R' is attached with the relevant bill and these are thus negotiated through the bank next day. This arrangement helps us to get the moneys two days earlier.
- •• Goods cannot leave our stores unless bills have been prepared and ready in each respect except G/R or R/R particulars. We have seen cases where Suppliers do not bother to send their bills for quite many days because their accounts department remains very busy.

"Keep in mind that first impressions of pe" who become stars, and flashes in the pa"

ace are often wrong. There are slow starters out."—ROBERT TOWNSEND

Annual Savings: 20,000









Before:



Price Lists gave retail prices alongwith discount code — each having a different percentage. Dealers had a problem to calculate each time mentally to find out margins. Also, it was not "safe" to show this to the customers (Specimen M).

Now:



Now there is a retail price list which is displayed by the dealers in case customers want to see it (Specimen N). There is also a separate Retail and Nett Price List i. e. nett price column added to retail price list — for the use of the dealer.

Separate Price Lists have proved to be a better way. Further improvements have been made. Earlier, prices were cyclostyled on one side (Specimen M). It has now been replaced by a sheet printed on both sides (Specimen N). There are 320 items per page as against 40 items on a cyclostyled page. In addition, the price of every item is for "each" (Specimen N) and not for ten (T) or hundred (H) (Specimen M).

There was no resistance—the dealers were happy with the change. The fifty pages of cyclostyling was a time consuming job for the staff, the printed list looks of course more attractive with less pages i. e. 4 pages! We developed plastic (PVC) folder containing PVC Pockets—one pocket to contain a sheet—transparent.

Annual Savings: Rs. 5,000

SPARE PARTS PRICING BULLETIN NO.MC/1/64

Part No.	Item	Catg.	Unit Price	Part No.	Item No. (latg.	Unit Price
Contd P L A T E NO. 11.	1. E. 1.		Rs.	ContdPLATE	VO. 12.		Rs.
GN •01•04	8	s	5.80	M.11.27.00	10	S	12.65
GN .06.07X	9	F	3.50	M.11.37.00	· 20	F	8,00
GN . 17 . 0 1	10	S	2.90(I)	M.11.40.00	22	F	8.75
GN .21.03	11	S	1.50(T)	PLATE	NO - 13 -		
GN .23.26.1	12	S	1.40	M.11.10.01X.1	1	\$	126.00
CN . 22.10.1	13	S	7.50(T)	M.11.10.15Z1	5	F	64.00
GN.21.01	14	F	1.00(T)	M.52.33.06X	` .6	F	7.10
GN . 15 . 14X	15	S	5.25	M.063U.10.13	13	F	2.50
CN . 22. 24	16	S	7.30)T)	1/4"-IIPN/H_86452	14	F	4.00(T)
GN •01•05X	18	S	7.25	M.06.U.10.06	15	F	2.50
GN .01.01	19	S	11.09	M.06.U.10.12	16	F	2.50
K.22.731	21	F	o.62(T)	M.76.T.10.38	18	ß	8,00(2)
GN .05.03A	22	F	2.50(T)	M.06.T.10.35X	23	\$	4.25
GN • 14 • 08	23	F	1.50(T)	•	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
GN .05.07A	∂4	S	2,00	PLATE	NO.14.	-	
GN -14-01	29	S.	2.90(T)	M.11,11.012	1	S	62,00
GN.14.U2	30	s	1.50(T)	M.06.T.11.13	2	្ន	3.CO(I)
GN -G 1.09	31	S	2.00	M.06.T.11.13	8	F	4.00(T)
GN -01.08	32	\mathbf{F}^{ι}	3,00	M.11.11.01Y	10	ន	18.10
PLATE NO.12. M.11.09.15 Before:	8	· SP	ECIMEN (A) 1.50(T)	M.06.T.11.07	. 11	F	0.35





. We used to have this type of Price List



. Now we have as per SPECIMEN 'N'

SPECIMEN 'N'



Simplified

- In the blank column we give the net rate at which we bill to our Dealers.
- .. RETAIL & NET PRICE LIST is marked 'CONFIDENTIAL'

ESCORTS LIMITED

PARTS DIVISION

54.66.03.11

54.61.08.11

ESCORI®

GENUINE SPARE PARTS PRICE LIST

SPA			ESCORI G	ENOTHE SPAN	PARTS PRICE LIST	
19/6, M	ATHURA ROAD	, FARIDABAD (Haryana)	16th August, 1971	Prices subject t	o change without notice	<u></u>
Part No,	Retail Rs.	Part No. Retail	Part No.	Retail Rs.	Part No. Retail Rs.	
54.61.01.	0.10	54.61.12.03 0.03	54.66.03.	13 2.10	83.15 6.70	:
54.61.01.0	0.03	54.61.12.05 0.03	54.66.03.1	14 2.30	8761-C/STD 34.20	
54.61.01.1	10 0.10	54.61.12.06 0.05	54.66.03.1	15 3.50	8761-C/010 34.20	
54.61.01.	14 0.20	54.61.12.07 0.06	54.66.03.1	16 2.70	8761-C/020 34.20	
54.61.01-	17 0.20	54.61.12.09 0.05	54.66.03.1	19 8.80	8761-C/030 34.20	
54.61.01.	18 0.20	54.61.12.10 0.06	54.66.03.	22 2.60	8761-C/040 34.20	•
54.61.01.	19 ` 0.75	54.61.12.11 0.06	54.66.03.9	23 2.60	8761/020 25.30	
54.61.02.	01 0.04	54.61.12.12 0.08	54.66.03.	26 3.50	DV-24 23.50	
54. 61. 02.	04 0.20	. 54.61.12.13 0.08	54.66.03.	27 2.30	F-10-10 110.00	
54.61.02.	07 0.20	54.61.12.14 0.12	54.66.03.	28 8.80	F-50-04 110.00	
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54.61 .02.	09 0.20	53.61.12.15 0.20	54.66.03.	29 2.40	F-50-04-1 50.00	•
54.61.02.	10 0.55	54.61.13.11 0.12	54.69.02.0	1 2.50	F-50-05-1 22.00	
54.61.02.	13 0.55	54.61.15.07 0.40	54.69.09.0	d1 0.70	F-50-08 4.40	
54.61.02.	15 0.55	54.62.02.01 0.20	74.071.83	3 2.60	F-50-10 54.00	
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54.61.03.	05 0.03	54.62.04.03 0.80	83.006.31	1 40.00	F-50-32-1 0.55	
54.61.03.	06 0.03	54.62.04.15 1.20	83.007.69	1 38.00	F-50-33-1 0.35	
54.61.03.	08 0.05	54.62.04.18 1.30			F-50-34-1 1.40	•
54.61.03,	10 0.07	54.62.04.22 3.70	83.012.86	0.35	F-50-35 2.60	
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54.61.03.	13 0.10	54.62.05.05 0.90			F-50-36 0.70	
54.61.03.	14 0.15	54.62.05.07 1.20	į.		F-50-41 12.50	
54.6 1.03.	•	54.62.0 5 .15 3.00	i		F-50-42 14.00	
54.61.03.		54.62.05.18 4.10			F-50-43 0.55	
54.61.03.	21 0.35	54.62.05.20 5.00	83.023.18	5.30	F-50-44 0.80	
54.6 1.04.		54.62.05.21 6.60		•		•
54.61.05.		54.62.05.23 7.20	·i	51.00	1,100	
54.61.05.		54.62.05.25 8.80	•		H1.2.16.01 0.35	
54. 61 .05.		54.63.01.02 2.10			K1.1.12.00 0.70	
54.61.05.	08 0.09	54.63.01.04 1.50	83.042.10	1 8.20	KN4-1 1.80	
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ESCORTS L

GENUINE SPARE PARTS PRICE LIST

S P A I		TS	DIV	ISION (Haryana)
	 tail			l D-t-

ith A	Augus	1, 1971	Prices	subject	to	change	W
•		Part No.	Retail	1.		Dar	

19/6, MATHURA ROAD,	FARIDABAD (Haryana)	16th August, 1971 P	rices subject to change witho	ut notice
Part No. Retail	Part No. Retail Rs.	Part No.	Retail Part No.	Retail Rs.
OS-26-2 9.80	P2.6.11.01 12.50	R2.6.07.01	1.60 V1.2.01.0	2 28.00
OS-27 3.50	P2.6.12.03 16.00	R2.6.10.00	4.60 V1.2.02.01	5.60
OS-28 5.30	R2.1.13.01 2.10	R4.1.01.03	44.00 V1.2.05.09	
OS-29 2.60	R2.1.14.00 2.10	R4.1.04.03	1.80 V1.3.01.00	8.90
OS-30 6.50	R2.1.22.01 9.10	R4.1.12.00	4.40 V1.4.10.01	3.90
OS-31 7.90	R2.1.23.70 12.00	R4.1.13.01	1.90 V1.4.11.01	1.60
PNM-82008 0.35	R2.1.26.00 0.35	R4.2.01.72	87.00 V1.5.00.00	36.00
PNM-85008 0.90	R2.2.02.70 83.00	R4.2.04.00	74.00 V1.5.00.10	32.00
PN/58M-82110 3.00	R2.2.04.03 2.80	R4.2.05.00	4.90 V1.5,04.00	0.70
PN/58M-82118 3.50	R2.2.06.15 5.40	R4.3.15.01	12.50 V1.5.05.00	7.00
PN-58/M-82146 0.35	R2.2.10.01 4.60	R4.3.21.00	4.00 V1.5.12.00	5-30
PN-59/M.82008 0.90	R2.2.19.00 4.60	R4.3.60.00	6.50 V1.5.13.70	
PKN/M-82205 1.60	R2.2.20.00 11.70	R4.4.01.02	53.00 V2.1.01.92	
PKN _i M-82209 1.20	R2.2.21.00 1.10	R4.4.02.00	53.00 V2.2.02.00	
PKN/M-82229 0.90	R2.2.21.01 1.10	R4.5.02.01	1.80 V2.2.04.00	4.60
PKN/M-82235 1.75	R2.2.22.00 1.20	R4.5.03.00	0.35 V2.3.02.00	3.70
PKN/M-85009 1,90	R2.3.02.12 16.50	R4.5.04.01	1.80 SPD-100.0	
PN/M-85044 0.70	R2.3.10.10 2.30	R4.5.08.00	8.80 SPD-101.0	
P1.1.56.00 1.90	R2.3.11.00 4.40	R4.6.01.01	2.60 SPD-111.0	
P1.1.75.07 4.50	R2.3.12.01 2.80	R4.6.02.01	0.90 SPD-112.0	Y - 1
P1.5.02.09 3.70	R2.3.13.11 24.50	R4.6.03.00	3.20 SPD-141.0	00 210 00
P1.5:05.14 1.90	R2.3.16.02 3.50	R4.6.05.00	4.20 SPD-142.0	
P1.6.13.03 1.20	R2.3.18.00 6.00	R4.6.14.00	1.10 SPD-143.0	
P1.7.07.12 9.50	R2.3.18.02 6.00		25.00 SPD-200.0	
P1.7.10.09 4.20	R2.3.19.12 2.60		25.00 SPD-201.0	
P2.1.12.84 190.00	R2.3.27.00 0.20	SM3-016030 12	25.00 SPD-202.0	02 60.00
P2.1.32.72 22.50	R2.3.71.00 11.50		30.00 SPD-211.0	
P2.1.40.01 6.10	R2.3.81.00 6.00	SM3-100040 13	30.00 SPD-212.0	
P2.1.48.00 0.20	R2.3.81.02 6.00		10.00 SPD-213.00	
P2.1.70.01 3.70	R2.4.06.70 43.00	SM3-200021 15	50.00 SPD-241.00	
P2.1.83.73 4.90	R2.4.07.71 33.00	SM3-330012 20	00.00 SPD-242.01	0 25.00
P2.1.83.88 4.90	R2.4.12.00 2.30		75.00 SPD-243,0	
P2.1.93.00 0.55	R2.4.13.03 1.40	F	8.20 SPD-244.03	
P2.1.93.01 0.55	R2.4.14.75 76.00		9.50 SPD-245.04	
P2.1.98.00 17.50	R2.4.23.00 0.55		8.20 SPD-300.00	•
P2.1.99.00 0.20	R2.4.24.00 10.50	SM4-761023	7.00 SPD-301.00	11 130 00
P2.2.24.00 240.00	R2.4.29.00 0.70		6.10 SPD-302.00	
P.2.3.00.01 39.00	R2.5.01.00 4.90		1.50 SPD-303.00	
P2.5.01.01 13.00	R2.5.06.00 1.80		1.50 SPD-304.00	
P2.6.02.00 17.50	R2.6.05.00 0.35		0.70 SPD-311.00	*
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- BIN CARDS (Specimen P) kept with the parts in stores were eliminated and have not been missed so far! (The records of issues and receipts were earlier being kept in cardex as well as in bin cards.)
- •• At the end of the year a considerable time was spent in tallying the entries made in the bin cards with those made in the cardex cards.
- •• The bin cards and the cardex cards were maintained for over fifteen years. The search each year for an answer to the tallying problem proved fruitless. A number of improvements and simplifications were tried but eventually it was decided to eliminate the job!
- •• Pickers, packers and stores incharge were upset by this change. They said that in future they won't be responsible for stock balances since bin cards are not there for them to account for issues. They did not have an answer when confronted with five glaring discrepancies. They came out with the excuse that they must have missed the entries because the job is done always in a hurry. They wanted to refer to the cardex!
- There were 13,000 bin cards and about 3,00,000 entries per year. After each issue or receipt the balances were struck. Filling the bin card for each part delayed the execution of the orders. On an average, an order was delayed by two hours. At the end of the year on an average, ten minutes per card were spent in tallying i. e. entries in bin cards were compared with the entries in cardex cards.

[&]quot;Far and away the best prize that life offers is the chance to work hard at work worth doing."
—SIR SHRI RAM





Before:



12,000 Rush/Supplementary orders are received from the dealers in triplicate. One copy was returned as acknowledgement copy. Second copy was sent to the dealers alongwith the goods as packing slip. Third became record copy from which the bill was made.

Now:



We eliminated the packing slip. We reasoned that our bill (which includes a copy of the order duly processed giving therein the details of the parts being sent) reaches the dealer earlier than the goods. And, therefore, a dealer can use it for tallying the goods received.

(In case of stock orders (2400 per year)—the second copy which was used as packing slip became dealers bill copy. See Stock Order Pad—B-7).

Incidentally—in many companies Packing List is made as a new and complete document by the stores people and on the strength of this document the bill is made. This is avoidable waste of human efforts.

Annual Saving: Rs. 7,000



ESCORTS LIMITED

SPAREPARTS DIVISION

MED-449:020 (HARYANA)

Gig End Brg. Set 2st U/S

QTY.: PACKED BY:

ESCORTS LIMITED

SPAREPARTS DIVISION

SPONSON (HARYANA)

Big Shd Brg. Set 2st U/S

1865 AJC

QTY : PACKED BY :

SPAREPARTS DIVISION FARIDABAD (HARYANA)

SPD-443-020

LET END BY: Set 2st U/S

OTY: 150 ACKED BY: AJC

ESCORTS LIMITED

SPAREPARTS DIVISION
FARIDABAD (HARYANA)

BPD-443.020

BLE-ENG Brg. Set 2st U/S

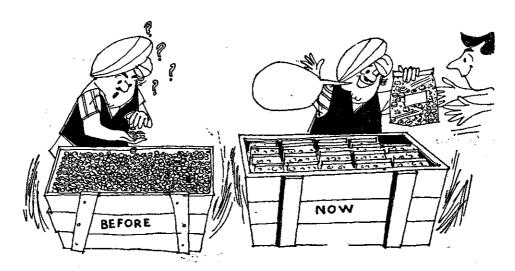
OTY: 1806ACKED BY: AJO

- The tag (for identification of parts) is printed on Bradma addressograph machine. It is possible to get 15,000 tags printed per day per man—8 hours a day. This system provides flexibility in as much as from 1 to 10,000 tags can be printed—almost instantly, as required.
- On Bradma it costs us, for our present volume, Rs. 2400/- while on Computer our estimate was Rs. 30,000. So Bradma came out the winner. Quite often real costs are ignored in the anxiety to be able to say that we are on Computer!
- •• SPD requirement is 12,00,000 tags per year. Comparing it to manual system of hand written tags—we save a minute per tag. Earlier, each picker made his own tags while picking the parts. He also counted the parts as per requirements of the order. We have now adopted the system of keeping parts in precounted quantities of 10 or 100 depending upon prices of each part. See "Countings"—B-34.

"Business is never so healthy as when, like a chicken, it must do a certain amount of scratching for what it gets."—HENRY FORD







- In the stores we had bottlenecks in the flow of of small components and/or huge quantities delayed making of receipt reports, entries into back ordering and payments to vendors.
- ₩ork as + received
 - ments This ī છે
- We eliminated the bottlenecks by having a packaging contractor who would put such like items 10 in a polythene bag, 10 such bags into one bag making a quantity of 100 and 10 such bags into a bag to make the quantity to 1000 and so on.
- With the above job done cur stores people almost eliminated all the bottlenecks and kept their paper work uptodate.
- The precounting at the receiving stage has the advantage that it will not have to be counted again at various stages such as picking, packing, inventory and finally at Dealers end.
- Incidentally, the above counting job is done by girls and blind people.
- To expedite our preparing of bills we sell parts in multiples of 100 (upto Re. 1 each) or 10 (upto Rs. 5 each)
- Tags are also inserted into bags to expedite picking and packing. See "Tags" B-33.
- The suppliers are being persuaded to send such items in easily countable (number, kg., meters) form of packing. Imagine receiving 10,000 Bolts from one vendor in loose form! The vendor sends the same quantity but 10 in a polythene bag, 10 such bags into one polythene bag making a quantity of 100 bolts and 100 such bags to make a quantity of 10,000 bolts !!
- Spare Parts in "Economical" Quantities.

If the value of a part is less than Re. 1/- the issue is in multiples of 100 and if the value of a part is less than Rs. 5/- it is issued in multiples of 10. This helps in faster calculations and as the parts are kept pre-packed in this very manner in the stores, the issuing becomes efficient and quick.









We have been able to expedite our paper work by doing the following:-

- Heavy, bulky and "awkward" Spare Parts such as Cylinder Block, Housings, Frame etc. are kept in pre-packed condition in wooden cases or crates—ready to go. As soon as an order is received the dealers name and station is stencilled on the case and it is on its way out.
- •• This final packing is done right on the receipt of the heavy parts. It helps save storage space and utilise spare time of packers during lean periods.
- This method provides same day service without sending anything extra.
- Rush Order received from the dealer is processed through the cardex. And as the parts are lying ready to go—in nine out of ten cases, not only the goods go the same day but also the bill. This becomes possible because the order itself becomes the release advice, delivery challan and the bill.

"It's a poor bureaucrat who can't stall a good idea until even its sponsor is relieved to see it dead and officially buried."—ROBERT TOWNSED

Annual Savings : Rs. 3,000





There must be a BETTER WAY

Before:



On receipt of goods from a supplier—we would list each item being received serially in our receipt report.

Now:



We started attaching a copy of the supplier's bill to our receipt report and mentioning on the receipt report as follows:

"Goods as per bill No.......dated.....received".

We make 3000 receipt reports per year.

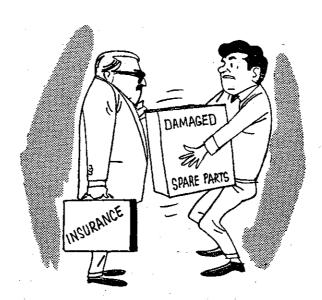
The Peter Principle: "In a hierarchy, every employee tends to rise to his level of incompetence."

The Peter's corollary: "In time every post tends to be occupied by an employee who is incompetent

to carry out its duties."--ROBERT TOWNSEND

Annual Savings: Rs. 5,000





- •• No insurance claims are raised if the value of the claim comes to under Rs. 100/- for indigenous and Rs. 300/- for imported consignments.
- •• Similarly, wherever a dealer writes to us about a shortage of damage we accept the claim depending upon frequency from that dealer and the amount involved.
- On consignments received from the suppliers we extend the same principle and the amount will depend upon the value of the consignment.
- •• This practice enabled us to reduce our paper work and in many cases create goodwill too.
- Incidentally, we found it more convincing to send photographs (specially to foreign suppliers) when we received consignments in damaged condition due to under or wrong packing. A picture is equal to 1000 words!

[&]quot;You remember the old story about the philosopher who asked a beautiful socialite at a cocktail party if she would sleep with him for \$5 million. She said "she would". He asked, "How about \$5?" She was outraged. "What do you think I am—a whore?" "We've already established that," said the philosopher, "now I'm trying to establish your price."—ROBERT TOWNSEND



There must be a BETTER IDEA

Delivery of Goods at the Counter :-

Gate Passes were issued for the goods to be taken out. After the cash memo had been made and signed and money deposited, the gate pass was made giving therein the reference of the cash memo.

An additional copy of the cash memo now serves as gate pass and the making the signing of Gate Passes has been altogether eliminated!

Direct Despatches of Goods:-

An Outward Shipment is prepared indicating the number of cases to be sent to each destination. Each consignment is listed on separate line. Expenses incurred like freight, loading and unloading etc. are mentioned against each destination. Copy of it becomes an accounting document eventually.

A perforated portion of Outward Shipment becomes the Gate Pass instead of making Gate Pass for individual consignments.

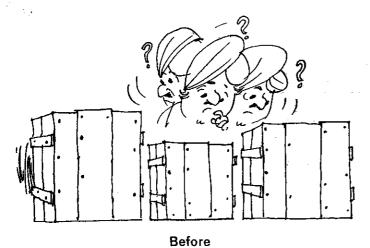
[&]quot;Compromise is usually bad. It should be a last resort. If two departments or divisions have a problem they can't solve and it comes up to you, listen to both sides and then, pick one or the other. This places solid accountability on the winner to make it work."

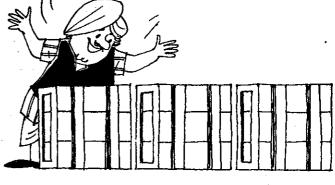
[&]quot;Condition your people to avoid compromise. Teach them to win some battles, lose others gracefully."—ROBERT TOWNSEND





PACKING & FORWARDING CHARGES





Now-

Before:



The despatch clerk used to enquire of the carpenter what to charge for a case. This "subjective" valuation would depend upon the number and size of the wooden packing cases. Quite often dealers would question this "charge" and would give instances where we charged them less earlier.

Now:



To expedite as well as to reduce complaints—we decided to fix a percentage or minimum value (1% of the value of the bill or Rs. 2/- whichever is more). This standard rate has worked very well for us. *Note*: This percentage or minimum or average rate we have extended to quite many areas like Re. 1/- per packing case irrespective of size and 10 P. per card board carton. This simplifies accounting too.

Annual Savings: Rs. 2,000

[&]quot;Do you really delegate authority as well as responsibility?"

[&]quot;It is the easiest thing in the world to tell somebody that he is responsible for something, but the most difficult thing in the world is to give him the full authority and not interfere !" - J. K. PARKER



There must be a BETTER WAY

Before:



SPD was closed for 15 to 25 days at the end of the year for stock checking. The mistakes were discovered only at the year end which was quite late for taking any corrective action, if any.

Now:



By introducing perpetual inventory system—inventory is taken of a few items every day. As there are no bin cards—this system does not miss the bin cards. In addition, the discrepancies come to light much earlier leading to earlier corrective action. At the end of the year, cardex quantities are mentioned in the inventory sheets. All this involves closing of stores for only 2—3 days.

Prior consent and approval of auditors is a must. Let them prescribe how they want the system to be implemented i.e. quantity of items to be checked per day and what sort of records to be kept.

We request both internal and external auditors to visit us alternate months throughout the year instead of at the end of the year. In addition, we do extensive physical checking in October instead of December so as to be able to prepare Divisional Balance Sheet (provisional) in January for the year ending December.

Annual Savings: Rs. 5,000 Started: 1969



ACKNOWLEDGEMENT OF ORDERS



Before:



Each order received from the dealer was individually acknow-ledged (typed) with a copy to the field officer and a record copy was kept. Generally—this was done on the third day because of usual backlog in typing.

Now:



In case of Rush/Supplementary orders the 3rd copy of Specimen 'C' goes back to the dealer same day. In addition to elimination of typing and delay, it tells the dealer as to what parts are being despatched and what are not. This enables him to take the necessary action at his own end.

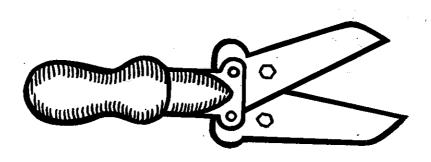
In case of Stock Orders, 1st copy of Acknowledgement Page — Specimen 'A' goes back to the dealer within a day or two. It tells the dealer as to how his order has been rated from the point view of F.O.R. facility as well as Best Stock Order Award and also to enable him as to where to improve next time.

Note: Annually—12,000 Rush and Supplementary orders (average 7 items) plus 2,400 Stock Orders (average 90 items) are processed each year at almost "computer" speeds!

Annual Savings : Rs. 7,000



DELIVERY CHALLAN (RELEASE ADVICE)



- Release Advice or Delivery Challan is no longer prepared for Rush! Supplementary Order (Specimen C). The order from the dealer itself becomes the delivery challan as on it we mention what can be released. See also idea B-6 as applicable to Stock Order Pad.
- •• The tedious job of transcribing of information from one form to the other led to thinking for better ways. This delay in paper activity reduced productivity and was a bottleneck.
- Preparing a challan delayed even the urgently required parts going to dealers. A better way was found by studying the methods of some other companies. Orders don't have to wait for delivery challans for execution.
- This system was being followed at various other companies. This elimination affected Spare Parts Division a great deal. Moreover, the implementations got off to a flying start since the boss himself had conceived of this idea and had it introduced.!
- •• All the transcribing work was eliminated i. e. for 12,000 orders received per year having 84,000 items. This delay elimination enabled processing of orders quickly thus bringing in the moneys that much earlier. The assistants previously employed on this job have been rehabilitated elsewhere in the growing organisation.

Annual Savings: Rs. 12,000 Started: 1967





THINK.

There must be a BETTER WAY



THEREFORE THINK and ask **OUESTIONS**

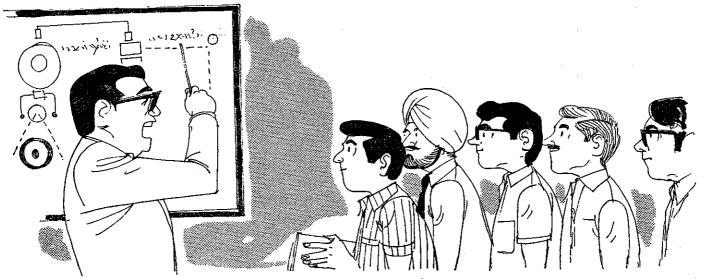
- We have a huge dealer organization. Quite often it becomes necessary to write to them or reply them on important matters. Generally, there is no end to it i.e. writing, replying, re-replying etc.
- We now call up the dealer and sort the poblem out on telephone.
- We also call him up before 8 A.M. when it costs half and more or less talk over a cup of morning tea. Sometimes these calls are made just to enquire how he is doing when he is likely to tell us what somehow he cannot put in writing. Sort of good public relations job specially when very senior person calls him up. Only it should not be overdone.
- Similarly we occasionally use Telex when we and the dealer come to the respective Telex machines and start 'talking'. It is expensive, but useful form of getting things done without too many letters. It so seems that everyone has started hating paper work!

[&]quot;People in business not operating under close supervision tend to do what they like best rather than what the management has decided they should do.

A case in Point: An area manager spent six weeks in his state capital (his home town) supervising a minor supply item while his territorial performance went from bad to worse. A request for the loan of a clerk from the Head Office could have satisfied in the case. He could then have done the job that his management thought he was doing."-J. K. PARKER







DON'T TYPE BILLS-CONVERT ORDERS INTO BILL

- •• Typing of bills was eliminated in 1968. Orders are now received from dealers in duplicate on pre-printed order forms, giving therein the details of the parts and prices as well (See Specimen A). One copy of the order becomes office copy of the bill and the second one bill copy for the dealer.
- •• Prior to 1968, typing of bills was a bottleneck. There was a chronic delay of almost 7 days on an average. These delays resulted in the dealers getting the spares late. This delay led to the search for a better way!
- •• In order to reduce and eliminate the delays, various possibilities were thought of such as Bradma Invoicing system and an Invoicing Machine. The better way turned out to be in improving the existing manual system!
- •• The dealers really protested! This was basically against the major change involved; change itself was something to be protested about!!
- •• Our argument to the dealers was "if you want faster and economical service, you will have to sacrifice the "beauty of typing" and be satisfied with "yours" and "ours" handwritten bills. We are willing to gold emboss the bills if you are willing to pay the price". This won the point!!
- •• There are on an average 90 items per bill and each item means about 30 typing strokes. This idea had led to almost same day billing. To the dealers, it means earlier receipt of goods. For both dealer and Escorts, it means less errors because less copying and all that it means. And of course, what 6 typists could not do in time, two are doing it well in time.

In the early part of this century typewriters were introduced in the offices to improve the appearances of letters and documents. At first they were used only for important letters and documents created by senior managers. As typed characters became a sign of prestige, the practice of using typescript grew until nearly all letters, memos, and even unimportant forms (no matter by whom created) were typed. In many cases a preliminary record in longhand or shorthand was made, thus creating one of the most wasteful duplications of effort ever introduced into offices. Although a reversion from typing to handwriting may seem to be against the modern trend of mechanization, regardless of cost, it has nevertheless taken place. Many companies have realized that large number of documents which have to be originated in manuscript are acceptable in that form, and that there is no need to duplicate their production (with the inevitable risk of error) on typewriters. The reversion has made worth while savings in time, personnel and money—HAROLD H. LONGMAN

Annual Savings: Rs. 20,000

#2 ø€ **⊬** ∞ ω 4 Total Dealer Total Numbers on the houzontal line indicate-January to December months. <u>6.</u>€ ~ ∞ Code. က ထိ დ <u>4</u> And vertically the Dea ers Total Dealer || otal e € დ 9 ω4 Dealer Total -2 ი 6 **~** ∞ D ന ര ω 4 **←** ⋈ Total <u>ج</u> Dealer

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- To process the back-orders efficiently and economically—it is necessary that
 it is known date-wise at a glance and in an instant as to what is on back-order
 from each dealer, and order number.
- •• The above is achieved through the attached card specimen which is kept in the cardex with the related card. Numbers on the horizontal line indicate the month and vertically the dealer code. Please refer to specimen 'A' wherein dealer mentions similar details.
- Above system enabled us to eliminate the separate processing of Back Ordered parts. Earlier, as and when Back Ordered parts were received we originated "orders" at our own end and processed them. Now, alongwith fresh order we process the Back Ordered items—Specimen A.

SCRAP PADS: If ever I had a choice I would give good paper scrap pads to the executives to enable them to express their thoughts. I will even let them buy or develop their own scribbling scrap pads.

It is a very false economy to economise on paper which has become relatively very less expensive. It does not really pay to use the reverse of obsolete and used forms or computer reports except the person who gets it done and gets the credit of saving so much per year irrespective of how much harm it has caused.

This economy in fact amounts to "They had hire Einstein and then turn down his requisition for a black board".

Annual Savings: Rs. 5,000

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- We used to issue circulars to our dealers in regard to Sales, Marketing, Spares, Service, Commercial and Accounts. These were sent in the form of cyclostyled circulars.
- •• We realised that the dealers were not reading all of them and moreover quite many were not even filed properly for reference purposes.
- • We decided to make the above interesting enough. We thought of a monthly letter to be sent on every 25th and named it Field Flash. This is printed nicely and on good paper. It has one sheet for each section-4 sections-Marketing & Sales, Spare Parts, Service & Training and Finance & General.
- • We send Field Flash in duplicate. One the dealer keeps as a set monthwise for his reference purposes. Other one is filed away sectionwise-monthwiseto be used by respective section incharge.

BULLOCK CART vs. JUMBO: An executive who can decide what to take to reach the destination is the executive who will ultimately produce profits.

Very often a Jumbo is used when an Ambassador will do! And more often an Ambassador is used when bullock cart will do!! Jumbo can be justified in many cases for going to Bombay from Delhi but not for going from Faridabad to Mathura! But the latter happens frequently more with the idea to represent modernity and hell with the costs.

At Escorts we still use Bullock Carts for clearing and forwarding work as the Job is to be done within 5-mile radious.

Annual Savings : Rs. 10,000 **Started** : 1973





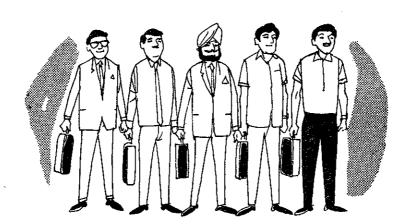
- •• We summarised all our past CIRCULARS ON POLICIES, PROCEDURES just in one page—both sides. Previously dealars would write to us for such matters and we would reply to them to refer to our such and such circular and then they would ask us to send them that circular. We eliminated all this and came up with a 4 page write-up.
- •• We do make changes in this—just at the end of the year. (This very information was in about 40 pages under different numbers—cyclostyled).
- •• Later we included cartoons to make it interesting reading.

Eiectronic Calculators: We must start considering them as part of the office—as tpyewriter. The ones being made in India are equally good, if not better, compared to the imported ones. And these machines can do a lot. Relatively speaking—they are not very expensive and can be generously given around in an office to anyone, who now spends more than 25% of his time on calculations. These machines do not require much training and are ten times faster than mannual working plus considerably less prone to errors and fatigue to operators.

Annual Savings: Goodwill







- •• We have developed a comprehensive report in regard to sales performance and connected paper work. We compare this year figures with the last year figures to figure out what corrective steps are required to achieve the targets or exceed them.
- •• We got request for additional staff because sales were going up! On analysing we found that the paper work had not increased substantially—in fact it was going down. Dealers were ordering more per order. This gave us the idea to include paper work volume alongwith the sales volume on daily basis and to compare it with the last year performance.
- •• This report has figures to be filled daily, weekly and monthly. It gives us adequate information and we feel this is a better way for us. It includes various reports, marketing, billing, cardexing, picking and packing—what have been done and what is pending work.
- •• It takes less time to make and at the same time effective use of various activities are made at one place.

Statistics and Statements:

• As a person goes up—he is likely to take his habits along with him. And he becomes so much habitual of collecting information—"Just in case attitude"—that he seldom gets time to analyse the information and use it. We try to get ad hoc statements prepared as and when a decision is to be made.

Started: 1970

Annual Savings: Rs. 5,000







- We get our illustrated parts catalogues cyclostyled initially instead of getting the same printed. After it has "worked" for some time and we have found the mistakes - we go in for printing at ease instead of a rough job.
- •• Gestetner Duplicators representative called upon us to sell the cutting of stencils through "photographic" process. The process involves running the page through their machine Gestetner Scanner out comes the stencil with the information exactly similar to that of the page. Each stencil currently costs Rs. 7.50 same day delivery from their office. We now have our own machines and the stencil costs Rs. 2/-.
- •• Printing entailed waiting for the printers to do the job which included expensive block making, composing, proof reading, printing etc. In some cases where the information was likely to change, printing had to be dispensed with in any case and dealers informed through ordinary stencils (without illustrations) and this was not a satisfactory arrangement. The print effect is retained to some extent by the above process.
- •• There was no resistance. Only the printers did not like the idea of getting less business. Of course, it meant more work for stencilling, re-production and later collating and binding. This was preferred instead of the offering regrets for not being in a position to give the catalogue in time to the users.
- •• The dealers get the catalogues earlier which result in correct ordering.
- It seems to be a good substitute for "Xerography" which is almost a decade away from us.

Annual Savings: Rs. 6,000 Started: 1972







- Correspondence and visits to various companies have brought in extremely good ideas and have created a 'bank' of ideas for future use. Spare Parts business cannot be learnt in schools or colleges nor from books. Correspondence and visits media have given us extremely good results.
- •• Years ago, in 1968, in our spare moments, we took the liberty of sending well worded letters to the Presidents of American Motors, Chrysler, Ford and General Motors. We got detailed replies and extremely useful literature. This encouraged us to write to others as well and with similar results. It is heart-warming and surprising to know how many people are willing to share knowledge.
- To keep the correspondence going and in our humble way to reciprocate, we sent in return our literature, some books published in India and miniature paintings. In addition to foreign contacts, we have developed similar contacts in India through visits and correspondence. Along with our business tours we combine educational tours too!
- There was no resistance from anyone. In fact, people liked the idea. This can be seen from the fact that we often get the literature by air. In one case a friend of ours spent \$ 30 to send us 6 kg. of literature! We have received about 300 kg of literature almost all of it by air!
- In April 1970, we conducted a seminar to share these ideas. We had about 40 participants representing about 20 companies. We ourselves got two new ideas and that more than paid off the expenses.

Annual Savings : More Ideas Started: 1967

Section 2

A little bit better ...

IDEAS THAT SAVE

at

Two Bombay Companies

Ву

B. T. DASTUR

Material Manager

CADBURY-FRY (INDIA) PRIVATE LTD.

BOMBAY



INTRODUCTION

Ideas reported in this section have been evolved by the writer and implemented by him in two of the organisations he served, of course, with the help of his colleagues and the encouragement of his directors. One of these is a long established company and another a recently established one. It was found that both provided opportunities for improved ideas.

Even the smaller ideas have been reported because I have found that it is the search for ideas that is important, not the size of the ideas.

The quantum of savings will depend on factors like volume of work and salary patterns. Savings in this report have been calculated on the following basis:

- 1. There are 165 working hours per month.
- 2. On an average there are 200 out-going letters per day.
- 3. On an average, 100 in-coming letters per day are replied.
- 4. Roughly there are 900 items in monthly requisitions.
- 5. Approximately, sorting, scrutinizing, punching and filing 300 sheets of paper takes 15 hours.
- 6. About 150 letters are sent out daily.
- 7. The average cost of an out-going letter is Rs. 3 to Rs. 4.
- 8. Salaries: (Average)

a)	Stenographers	Rs.	600
b)	Filing Clerks	Rs.	450
c)	Accounts Clerks	Rs.	600
d)	Cash Department Clerks	Rs.	1000
e)	Purchase Department Clerk	Rs.	700
f)	Telex Operator	Rs.	800
g)	Mean of office salaries	₹s.	750

Note: To each of the above category of salaries add 40% towards 'perks'

9. Average Executive salary Rs. 2500/-

Note: Add 50% towards 'perks'

10. Executive time costs the company Rs. 0.37 a minute or Rs. 22/- an hour.

I have emphasised the principle—drawn from practices—so that the reader can apply them everytime he gets an opportunity.

B. T. Dastur



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A LITTLE BIT BETTER IDEAS

MAILROOM IDEAS

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D-2	Doubtful Incoming Mail				500
D-3	Mail Collection & Distribution				. 500
D-4	Savings Through Postal Rates				1,500
D-5	Glueing of Envelops				500
		\$ 27	er!	%	

CORRESPONDENCE

			:
D-6	Correspondent		5,000
D-7	Routine Letters		5,000
D-8	Dictating Machine	•	5,000
D-9	Reminders		10,800
D-10	Dictation		7,500
D-11	Acknowlegement of Greetings	`	7,500
D-12	Quoting Messages		2,000
D-13	Addresses		300
D-14	Marking Correspondence	•	20,000
D-15	Retyping Letters		1,500
D-16	Hotel Booking	•	600
D-17	Master File Copy		4,000
D-18	Inland Letters		3,000
D-19	Forwarding Letters	* .	7,000
D-20	Post Box Number	•	3,000
D-21	Copies		3,000



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D-24	Limited Vendors	4,000
D-25	•	2,500
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11.7	Pencils General Savings Letter Heads Window Envelopes	500 5,000 500 4,000
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D-59	Utilities	500
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D-61	Telephone Requirements	3,000
D-62	Staff Vehicles	20,000
D-63	Furniture	2,000
D-64	Layout	2,000
REPO	DRTS	
D- 65	Exception Reporting	59,000

Do not wait for the Best Idea Implement the 'Better' Idea!



MAIL ROOM IDEAS

D-1 INWARD MAIL REGISTER

Rs. 5,000

- •• It was scrapped. This expedited the distribution of mail. It also meant quicker processing of orders and expeditious collections against cheques, drafts, hundies etc.
- •• It was feared that some persons might take undue advantage by maintaining that the particular letter, document or form was not received and take shelter in the absence of proof. In practice, this fear turned out to be baseless.

Principle: Any record must be useful and improve upon an existing system.

D-2 DOUBTFUL INCOMING MAIL

Rs. 500

•• It is kept aside. As and when there is no rush—this mail is taken to the Administration Department for guidance regarding its distribution to the proper department.

Principle: Segregate the difficult from the easy so that work flow can be smooth.

D-3 MAIL COLLECTION AND DISTRIBUTION

Rs. 500

- One person was held responsible for the distribution of incoming letters and telex messages, and for the collection of outgoing letters and telex messages. He had to ensure that the trays, located on each floor, were emptied at set intervals.
- Prominently displayed cards or plastic discs were inserted in the trays (from which outgoing letters and telex messages are collected)—an hour before the final collection. The card reads: "The last collection will beat.....p.m."

Principle: Where applicable, use staggering/cycling.

D-4 SAVINGS THROUGH POSTAL RATES

Rs. 1,500

- •• Several letters, orders, bills and other documents, consigned to one party were put in different envelopes. Heavy enclosures were sent as letter mail.
- An analysis of the steeply rising postage bill threw up this possibility. A bulky mail, consigned to one destination, is put in a pre-printed master envelope. The enclosures are sent by parcel post at a lower rate.
- •• Mis-delivery of contents was feared. In the past four years, this happened just once.

Principle: Bunch wherever possible.



D-5 GLUEING OF ENVELOPES

Rs. 500

- •• The envelopes were glued individually.
- •• Some days a few letters could not be despatched, as the mail had to be deposited at the GPO, by a particular time.
- •• The envelopes are glued in bunches of six or eight, by opening out the flaps and spreading them, one behind the other.

Principle: Combine operations to reduce repetitive work.



CORRESPONDENCE

D-6 CORRESPONDENT

Rs. 3,000

- Only a few persons used to dictate letters.
- Some employees handled only correspondence, and were practically ignorant about operations of the department. When absenteeism was heavy, out-going correspondence declined. Graduates, with a good command over English, had no correspondence to do.
- Almost every one was required to correspond. The traditional correspondent idea was scrapped. We knew it served a useful purpose at one time; now it is obsolete.

Principle: Avoid excessive specialisation and introduce flexibility.

D-7 ROUTINE LETTERS

Rs. 5,000

- •• The executive used to dictate all letters, including routine replies.
- •• One executive posed the question: How can I save a few minutes in my day? A discussion led to this idea.
- Routine letters are now sent out by the respective Secretary/Stenographer.

Principle: What your assistant can do as well, do not do it yourself.

D-8 DICTATING MACHINE

Rs. 5,000

- •• Every letter was dictated to a steno across the table.
- •• When the officer was away (on tour) the steno 'idled' for want of work. Sometimes, when the steno was busy typing, and the officer had time on hand, the latter could not dictate the letter.
- •• Dictation machines were introduced. These are now being made in India.

Principle: Where feasible, mechanize.

D-9 REMINDERS

Rs. 10,800

- •• Every time a written reminder was necessary, a fresh letter was dictated, typed, checked, signed and despatched. On an average, fifteen written reminders were necessary every day.
- •• Extra copies were taken out, at the time of the first typing, where delays in the receipt of replies, were *foreseen*.
- 300 Written reminders were eliminated per month. Taking an empirical cost of Rs. 3/- per letter, there was an estimated annual saving of Rs. 10,800.

Principle: Copies are less expensive and faster than fresh letters.



D-10 DICTATION

Rs. 7,500

- Letters were dictated piece-meal.
- •• A steno was given some special work and she complained of frequent interruptions.
- •• Material is now bunched for a prolonged dictation, say, fourteen to fifteen letters to be dictated at a stretch. Also, the letters are dictated before an out-door visit is contemplated. This avoids overtime.

Principle: To save time, organise. One way to organise is to bunch.

D-11 ACKNOWLEDGEMENT OF GREETINGS:

Rs. 7,500

- Letters conveying greetings were replied individually and at length.
- •• Important, out-going mail was delayed. When we analysed, we found scores of individually typed replies to season's greetings. On an average 4500 cards were received, which were replied.
- •• We introduced the system of greeting cards to reciprocate the compliments of the season.

Principle: Use the principle of form letters, wherever possible.

D-12 QUOTING MESSAGES

Rs. 2,000

- Telex messages were reproduced fully in subsequent letters. Sometimes, a second sheet had to be typed to an out-going letter because of the full reproductions.
- •• The reproductions were restricted to the opening and the closing lines, with the gaps in the text indicated by dots and dashes.

Principle: Eliminate avoidable duplication.

D-13 ADDRESSES

₹s. 300

- There used to be a tendency to abbreviate the addresses (particularly before the introduction of window envelopes).
- Letters, samples and parcels were returned to the sender in some cases.
- •• Detailed addresses typed, or pre-printed.

Principle: Do not economize at the wrong place, at the cost of efficiency.



D-14 MARKING CORRESPONDENCE

Rs. 20,000

- •• Every sheet of incoming paper, particularly those relating to the offer of goods and services, was put up to a Senior Executive drawing a salary of Rs. 4,000 per month (and was getting 50% more by way of perks).
- •• While searching for some very important papers, it struck us that routine letters are clogging his 'in' tray.
- Such papers, now, are disposed of and filed away by the departmental head and are prevented from moving upto the senior executives. The 'in' trays of senior executives became more manageable.
- Many one-time letters were destroyed, not even filed. The inward mail clerk (drawing a salary of about Rs. 550 per month) was authorised to destroy the incoming trash.

Principle: Apply, where agreed to, the principle of Exception Reporting.

D-15 RETYPING LETTERS

Rs 1,500

- Letters having minor mistakes were re-typed.
- There were delays in sending out the letters. When we asked why, we found the above clue.
- •• Minor mistakes are corrected in ink. When we had only few out-going letters, the re-typing practice was all right but not now when the volume of work has grown so large.
- •• The principle was extended to the correction of minor errors, in ink, in reports and in statements.

Principle: Repetition for purposes of minor corrections is costly.

D-16 HOTEL BOOKING

Rs. 600

- Every time a hotel-reservation had to be made, typed letters were sent out to the hotels, confirming the telephonic bookings.
- There were some delays in typing out the confirmatory letters, which resulted in reminders from the hotels.
- Now pre-printed letters are sent out to the hotels.

Principle: Wherever possible and permissible, use letter forms.



D-17 MASTER FILE COPY

Rs. 4,000

- Every out-going letter had a master-file copy, in addition to the office-copy.
- •• The master-file copies were referred to rarely. Hardly, one in 500 copies was referred.
- The master-file copies were eliminated.

Principle: Too much safety is as expensive as too little.

D-18 INLAND LETTERS

Rs. 3,000

- Several letters, irrespective of their nature or length, were typed on a letter head, and inserted in an envelope. The postal cost was then 20 paise per letter.
- Higher postage costs made us look up.
- •• Inland letters are used where the communications do not exceed one page or do not need an enclosure or where they are of a plain informative nature.

Principle: When a number of methods accomplishes a task, choose the least expensive one.

D-19 FORWARDING LETTERS

Rs. 7,000

- Most of the outgoing documents had forwarding (covering) letters, even though the statements, documents and negotiable instruments were selfexplanatory.
- •• An unnecessary filing of copies and the consequential clogging of files.
- •• The covering letters for most out-going communications were done away with.

Principle. Any unnecessary activity/duplication adds to avoidable cost.

D-20 POST BOX NUMBER

Rs. 3,000

- A request was received from the General Post Office, Bombay, requesting the Company to ask its correspondents to use the Company's Post Box Number.
- •• This resulted in faster receipt and thus distribution of incoming mail, which is collected from the G.P.O., twice a day, by our peon.

Principle: Co-operate with the Government and enable it to serve the society better.



D-21 COPIES Rs.

A prominently-placed slip was attached to the out-going letter (where it was foreseen that a copy of the reply would be needed to be sent to another department). It read "PLEASE REPLY IN DUPLICATE".

3,000

- Typing out copies, or making photographic re-productions was practically eliminated. We had faster communications.
- •• In one department alone 10 copies per day were eliminated.
- The slip was replaced by a rubber stamp.

Principle: Put carbon paper to productive use.



PURCHASING

D-22 TELEPHONIC CHASING

Rs. 10,000

- There was no person specifically charged with the responsibilities of chasing the suppliers for delayed deliveries or reminding them in advance about vital materials.
- •• The work stopped in a department for want of some materials. The purchasing department was blamed.
- •• An additional telephone line was obtained for the purchase department and reserved for the exclusive use of the 'chaser'.
- •• This step eliminated 3000 written reminders per annum.

Principle: Where follow-up is necessary, provide facilities for the same.

D-23 TERMS AND CONDITIONS

Rs. 2,000

- •• Every time that an enquiry was sent out, a long sheet of paper, giving exhaustive terms and conditions of purchasers, was issued. The Vendors used to return the sheets, confirming an acceptance of the said terms, when submitting their tenders.
- •• The clogging of tender files disturbed us one day.
- A formal letter was sent to the various vendors on the List of Suppliers, explaining the futility of the system. They were asked to ratify the terms, once and for all, till such time as either the buyer or the seller wished to modify or rescind them.

Principle: Make periodical review of procedures.

D-24 LIMITED VENDORS

Rs. 4,000

- •• Enquiries used to be sent to as many as eight to nine parties, for one group of items, e.g., rubber parts, electrical spares or hardwares.
- The undue delay in preparing the very long comparative statements of tenders put us on a new track.
- •• Vendor evaluation was introduced, whereby an "army" of vendors was evaluated. The Mills were consulted before finalising the ratings of every vendor.
- After the rating was finalised, the vendors were given two chances to behave themselves, or face de-listing.
- •• The effective list of suppliers, for the thirty-four categories of supplies, was reduced from 436 to 130.
- •• The revised comparative statements did not have the rates of more than four suppliers for critical items and of three suppliers, for routine items.



The list of suppliers too was periodically reviewed. The indiscriminate selection was at the root of the large list of suppliers.

Principle: Keep information current and functional.

D-25 CARBON PAPER

Rs. 2,500

- The various bills were sent to the factory daily, for approval of payment. The bills were entered thrice in one sheet of paper (separately), in three parts. The first part was retained by the factory, the second was returned to the Head Office, acknowledging the bills, whereas the third part was retained at the Head Office till such time as the second copy was received.
- •• The form was re-designed by cutting it down to 1/3rd of its original size. The second and third parts were placed below the first part (as separate sheets of paper) and carbonised entries were made, involving writing at one stage.
- The use of the above form was eliminated by entering the data in an exercise book and obtaining the acknowledgment of the concerned person, at the factory, on the book itself.

Principle: Use Carbon Paper.

D-26 DUPLICATE PAYMENT

Rs. 5,000

- On reading an order copy, it was not apparent whether the order was executed, payment was made (in part or in full) or whether there were rejected items.
- A duplicate payment of Rs. 15,000 was made to a very reputed Company which detected the oversight and returned the cheque promptly. And we wondered how this happened.
- Six columns were printed on the reverse of the order copies which gave the following information. Date of receipt of goods, item number, quantity supplied, balance quantity, bill passed for Rs......and balance payment Rs......
- •• After the order was executed in full a diagonal line was put across the face of the order.
- Advance payment was recorded, in bold red letters, on the face of the order, and also in the appropriate column, on the reverse.
- •• When the full payment was effected, the total amount of the order was crossed.
- •• Office copies of the orders were kept in the bound form.

Principle: System must be fool proof.



D-27 QUANTITY TO ORDER

Rs. 20,000

- •• Requisitions for raw and packing materials, from the factory, contained columns for stock on hand and average consumption during the three preceding months. These columns were never filled in.
- •• We noted one day that there was no indication of the stock on hand, nor of the average consumption during the three preceding months; and the fixation of Stock Maintenance levels was purely a matter of guess-work.
- •• The un-used columns were utilised to furnish valuable data. Two columns were added on the requisition to indicate the last Order-Number, date and the last price paid for the particular item.
- •• There was a precise indication of the stocks on hand, the last price paid for a specific item and the average consumption during the three preceding months.
- The determination of Stock Maintenance levels was systematised. Dangerously low levels and excessive stocking were both eliminated. The investment in inventories was regulated.

Principle: Control data must enable a better use of existing resources.

D-28 REQUISITION CUM ORDER

Rs. 15,000

- •• Requisitions were placed by the departmental manager, on the purchase department, which in turn issued enquiries, received the tenders and placed the orders.
- Bottle-necks in production and prolonged delays in supplying the materials against the requisitions made us enquire into this one.
- •• Requisition-cum-order forms were prepared at the Mills and sent to the Head Office. The first two copies formed the outgoing order and the acknowledgement. The third copy was retained by the Purchase Department which signed and issued the order, the fourth one was returned to the Mill's Stores Department. The fifth copy was retained by the Mill's Stores Department, which originated all the requisitions and destroyed them on getting the fourth copy.
- •• Such requisition-cum order forms were used for contracted items, where the suppliers insisted on receiving intimations of the monthly requirements, against total contracted quantity.
- •• These were also used in non-contracted items which were repeatedly procured from a particular supplier (at the same rate) but who was not prepared to enter into a contract with the Mills.

Principle: Up-to-date Procedures.



D-29 PREPRINTED

Rs. 15,000

- •• For every item in the requisition, an enquiry was sent out to the suppliers, and the order was either hand-written or typed.
- •• There were prolonged delays in the preparation of requisitions, and the issuance of enquiries and orders. We enquired into the causes.
- •• We executed the following. Requisitions, enquiries and orders contained pre-printed items, which were procured frequently.
- Preparation of requisitions was expedited five times. The preparation time
 was reduced from 150 hours to 50 hours. (Average number of items in the
 monthly requisitions was 9000).
- •• With the extension of the principle of annual contracting, the enquiries were sent out and orders placed only once a year.
- For contracted items, in certain cases, the suppliers insisted on receiving monthly orders. In such cases, requisition-cum-order forms were prepared.

Principle: Simplify Procedures.

D-30 CATEGORISING ITEMS

Rs. 20,000

- •• Thousands of items were grouped under the heading of a department and not according to their functions or categories like electrical, rubber spares, hard-wares, machinery spares, dyes, intermediates, etc.
- •• We had the formidable task of breaking up requisitions and regrouping. There were prolonged delays in typing out the enquiries and sending out to the suppliers. Because of the constant rush, there were numerous errors in typing.
- The twenty thousand items, stocked by the Mills, were broken down into 54 established categories.
- The departmental managers were requested to include the various items in the appropriate categories.
- The requisitions became meaningful, and involved no extra labour in their preparations.
- The range of items included under the annual contracting system was increased from 18 to 68. Requisitions, enquiries and orders for the most common items were pre-printed.

Principle: Make systems easy for processing.



TELEPHONES

D-31 HOT TELEPHONE LINE

Rs. 3,000

- The local sales office was contacted via the Telephone switch board like any other party. There were prolonged delays in establishing telephonic contacts with the sales office, which handled over 50% of the annual sales (The local Sales office had only two telephone lines).
- •• We came to hear that a leading company in Bombay had a special connection between its Head Office and one of its divisions.
- A private wire connection was established between the Head Office and the local sales office, via the Telephone Switch boards of the two offices, (A formal application had to be made to Bombay Telephones for granting such a connection).
- •• At a total cost of Rs. 200, an instant contact could be established between the two offices.

Principle: Look around. What others do can give you an action-starter.

D-32 INTERNAL DIRECTORY

Rs. 2,000

- •• Executives and non-executives on tours were handicapped for want of a comrpehensive internal telephone-telex directory, for contacting the various units of the Company in India. They had to search for information.
- •• A comprehensive and condensed directory (which can fit into a wallet) was devised for ready reference. It contained the addresses, telegraphic codes and telephones and telex numbers of all the establishments of the Company. It also contained the addresses of all the executives who had residential telephone facilities.
- •• An instant contact can be established with any establishment or an executive of the Company. It eliminated frantic searches for telephone numbers and addresses. It enabled urgent business decisions to be taken when on tour.

Principle: Organise information for ready reference.

D-33 INFORMED OPERATORS

Rs. 3,000

- •• The telephone operators were not informed of the executives on vacations or tours.
- •• The hesitations and searches "for one who is not there" created a poor impression before the caller. This we learnt from a discussion with a couple of customers.
- •• The telephone operators are now informed of such facts in time.



- •• Hesitations and searches are now practically eliminated. It has created a better impression amongst the callers.
- A prompt diversion of the call to the next in command has become possible.

Principle: Organise to eliminate hesitations and searches.

D-34 MESSAGES Rs. 1,000

- There was no fool-proof system of communicating incoming messages, received in absentia.
- A section-head complained that a few important messages remained to be conveyed to him, on his return to the office. Outside parties also complained: What happens to the messages your people take?
- A small slip was devised for use by the telephone operator, which enabled her to record, briefly, the in-coming call. It was passed on to the person concerned.
- •• All in-coming messages were conveyed. There was less annoyance to the callers. They in fact complimented us for the improved telephone service.

Principle: Check and remove blockages in communication flow.



TELEX

D-35 PREPRINTED TELEX FORMS

Rs. 3,500

- Both for in-coming and out-going messages, a lot of writing had to be done by the telex operator, apart from cutting, punching and filing of the copies. And the stapling of in-coming/out-going messages to standard forms.
- •• When we observed the operator one day, we noted that he has to do a lot of writing for both in-coming and out-going messages.
- •• The standard form was re-designed, and contained a maximum of preprinted and a minimum of variable information.

Principle: Go for maximum preprinted information. Study bottlenecks.

D-36 TELEX MESSAGES

Rs. 3,000

- •• Telex messages bore formal salutations and closings, indicated designation and rank, and were almost like regular letters.
- •• The mounting telex bill made us stop and think.
- Articles, some prepositions, formal salutations and closings, were eliminated.
- •• The branches also were instructed to cut out the frills.
- Priority codes were introduced for captive use e.g. "Paris; 27th January" meant "please establish the L/C before 27th January".

Principle: Play down frills. Develop codes.

D-37 TELEX ATTACHMENT

Rs. 5,000

- •• The telex operator used to have peaks and valleys of work-load, as she had to type out the out-going messages *only* when the telex-channel was granted by the Overseas Communications Service (OCS).
- •• The suggestion came from Bombay Telephones. The following attachments were hired out, along with telex machines: Perforator attachment, Transmitter, Power Pack, Control unit.
- •• Before the channel is granted by the Central Telegraph Office or OCS, the operator can type the messages and feed them into the attachment. As soon as the channel is granted, the messages are transmitted at very high speed.
- Peaks and valleys in work loads are reduced considerably. The overtimepayment is reduced. The transmission time, and therefore, the cost of messages, is reduced considerably.

Principle: Consider suggestions from suppliers. You too may benefit.



D-38 FIXED TIME TELEX

Rs. 1,200

- As soon as the Overseas Communications Service confirms the grant of the channel, at a said time, a small pre-printed slip is circulated to some executives, indicating that the telex connection will be available at.... a.m/p.m.
- •• All those concerned can send in the out-going messages to the telex operator, before the Channel is operative.
- A maximum number of messages can be transmitted during the first three minutes, for which there is a minimum charge of Rs. 48. The subsequent minutes cost only Rs. 16 per minute.
- •• The out-going messages can be pre-punched and fed into a perforated tape, and kept ready for instant transmission.

Principle: Bunch and organise.



FORMS

D-39 CONTROL

Rs. 3,000

- There was no knowledge of the number of forms in use and in existence.
 Anybody could originate, modify or amortize a form.
- •• By combining various forms and consolidating them into standard paragraph letters a good deal of typing-time was saved.
- •• There was some initial resistance to the centralisation of authority for the design, modifications, control and elimination of forms. It was later realised that the function best served its purpose when centralised.
- •• A standard forms file was introduced which contained specimens of every form in use.

Principle: Rationalise forms.

D-40 IMPROVEMENTS

Rs.: 5,000

- •• A forms-improvement folder is retained. It contains every valuable suggestion to improve the design, effectiveness, circulation or control of forms.
- There was no regular system to improve the design and exercise a better control over the forms. Forms used to be designed casually. Some good suggestions, to improve the design of forms, were lost sight of because there was no system to record the valuable suggestions and implement them.
- •• The forms are designed effectively and made functional.
- •• We found that forms design and control is one of the important aspects of organisation and methods. We made one senior person responsible for the redesign and control of forms.

Principle: Up-to-date form design.

D-41 STORING FORMS

Rs. 1,000

- Nearly three dozen type of cyclostyled forms used to lie on a rack with only one shelf. They were dumped one over the other. One lot of forms positioned horizontally used to have another lot of forms over it vertically. One day not a single specimen of a particular form was available for re-cyclostyling. Used form from specific file had to be borrowed for re-production.
- •• The same rack (which had a lot of space wasted) was pigeonholed by providing some more shelves and vertical compartments.
- The forms were inserted with their bottom edges towards the rear wall of the rack i.e., the headings of the forms were visible. A master-chart of the locations of all the forms was typed out and inserted under the glass top of the rack.

Principle: Eliminate hesitations and searches.



FILING

D-42 MAIL PROCESSING

Rs. 2,000

- •• The in-coming and out-going mail was dumped in one or two trays. All the papers, intended for filing, used to pile up on the tables in the filing department.
- This resulted in delays in the sorting of in-coming, out-going mail and papers to be filed. And also untidy appearance of the tables, in the mailing and filing departments.
- Sorting racks were provided in these departments.
- The sorting and distribution of papers was expedited. Filing was expedited. A neater appearance of the tables was achieved.

Principle: Work flow must be straight, short and smooth.

D-43 PRE-PUNCHING

Rs. 2,000

- •• The copies of several out-going letters/documents had to be punched and then filed.
- The continuation sheets and the originals and copies of all documents, bills, credit notes, debit notes etc., were pre-punched.
- •• Even the letter-heads are now pre-punched.

Principle: Eliminate/reduce repetitive work.

D-44 FILES INDEX

Rs. 3.000

- •• There was no Master-Index of files. The location of files was more a matter of convenience to the filing staff rather than an example of a systematic arrangement.
- •• Sometimes, after office-hours, when a file was needed urgently, it could not be located or it was located after a prolonged search.
- •• The master-index of files was prepared. It was maintained on LINEDEX similar somewhat to cardex—and sold by manufacturers of office equipment.
- Any file was located instantly. It eliminated a heavy dependence on the filing clerk about the location of files. It was possible to know the exact number of files in use, and discarded, during any period.

Principle: A system should work in the absence of the person manning it.



OFFICE PERSONNEL

D-45 INTERVIEWS

Rs. 5,000

- •• When there are a number of candidates outside Bombay (say at Bangalore) to be interviewed for a position, the concerned executive flies to the place. Only the best two or three are called to the Head Office and that too if the Managing Director has to see them.
- •• It costs 75% less to interview the candidates in their home town, rather than call them over to Bombay.

Principle: Apply optimising techniques.

D-46 WANTED ADS

Rs. 3,000

- •• It was a practice with the Company to mention "the salary would be commensurate with the qualifications and experience of the applicant".
- •• Commensurate being a very vague word, it led to a situation where the under-experienced or over-experienced persons applied for jobs. There used to be a flood of incoming applications.
- •• The advertisements now specify that "persons drawing a salary of less than Rs.....need not apply."

Principle: Be specific and thus reduce unnecessary communication and handling.

D-47 EXIT INTERVIEWS

Rs. 5,000

- Apart from the mental indexing of the various causes which led to resignations, in the case of certain officers and ex-employees, there was no record available of the various causes of turnover.
- •• The high cost of advertising, interviewing, placing and training involved in filling a vacancy caused by a resignation opened our eyes to the rapid turnover of highly paid sales and technical staff but we did not have data to work on.
- •• An Exit Interview is now held to ascertain the causes of resignation of any executive and sales/technical representative.

Principle: Analyse undue manpower turnover.

D-48 STAGGERING HOURS

Rs. 3,000

- One clerk and one peon in the out-ward mail department had to stay late and be paid overtime wages.
- An analysis of overtime bill showed steep figures for the mail department.
- •• The clerk and the peon, who were attached to the out-ward mail work, arrived and departed an hour later than the rest of the staff. (The inward mail staff used to arrive and depart an hour earlier than the other staff).
- The principle of staggered working hours was extended to the filing staff and the accounting machine operators and stenographers attending on the travelling sales representatives.

Principle: Consider staggering.



STATIONERY

D-49 TELEPHONIC ORDERS

Rs. 3,000

- All stationery purchases are made telephonically.
- •• We heard at a seminar that preparing a single purchasing order means Rs. 10 or more.
- Numerous orders were typed out for procuring stationery.
- •• The question of legal complaints over the failure of executing an order was mooted but found untenable.
- •• All low-value purchases are made telephonically.

Principle: Use the least expensive form of communication.

D-50 PRINTING PROOFS

Rs. 1,000

- •• No printer is permitted to submit more than two proofs. If a second proof contains errors which were OK'd by the office, and subsequently also overlooked by the printer, the office bears the blame of the proof-reading and the cost of defective lot of printed matter.
- •• The wastage of time and effort involved in repeated proof-reading is eliminated. Some printers use to submit no less than four or five proofs. A lot of time was wasted in checking the proofs.
- •• The clerk in the office is compelled to be vigilant, particularly because the office will bear the cost of poorly checked second proofs which result in a poorly-printed material.
- •• The printer is asked to indicate his peak period, during which time little work is given to him e.g., before the Diwali time and after the first half of January. It keeps his press going and means speedy supplies to the office.

Principle: Coordinate and cooperate with suppliers of services.

D-51 STAPLING

Rs. 2,000

- •• Pins and clips were used extensively. Loose papers were picked up by clips, mis-filed with other papers and never traced.
- •• Wherever feasible, the papers are stapled. Staples hold the papers better, were lighter and prevented mis-filing of papers.
- A box of 1000 staples costs Rs. 1.33 whereas pins cost Rs. 5.12 per 1000.
- •• A recorded analysis of the search for the misfiled papers, in the Purchase Dept. alone, revealed a daily wastage of 6 hours.
- Only the filing department can have the staples painted with a distinctive colour to establish whether the papers were stapled inside or outside the filing department.

Principle: Consider using office gadgets.



D-52 CELLO TAPE

Rs. 1,000

- In most cases a cello-tape, mounted on a dispenser, is used.
- Through transparent adhesive tapes are costlier than glue, they do the job ten times faster and infinitely neater.
- •• On a rough calculation, it saved one hour per day.

Principle: Uptodate facilities.

D-53 PENCILS

Rs. 500

- Mechanical (propelling type) pencils were issued to the accounts department, which had a lot of calculations and checking-work to do. Later these were issued to other departments as well.
- •• We had to replace only the lead re-fills.

Principle: Consider new developments.

D-54 GENERAL SAVINGS

Rs. 5,000

- •• Drafts were typed out on continuation sheets which were of good quality paper. Drafts are now typed out on cyclostyle-paper. The drafts are typed out by using the red portion of the type-writer ribbon wherever two colour ribbon cannot be avoided.
- •• Two colour type-writer ribbons were eliminated. Only black ribbons are used.
- •• The use of the reverse of obsolete forms, reduced the cost of stationery further.
- •• Three-in-one scribbling pads were introduced The pad had three sections of perforated slips of paper, with these dimensions: 12 cm.×12 cm., 8 cm×12cm., and 5 cm×12 cm. This eliminated two sizes of scribbling pads (octavo and quarto).
- •• We urged the departments to plan their weekly requirements in advance. Routine stationery was distributed once a week, to a particular department, following the principle of staggering the work-load e.g., accounts and secretarial departments received it on Wednesday. We stopped issuing Stationery in driblets, all over the day, every day.
- •• The clips in the box files are salvaged and supplied to the suppliers, for reuse in the files supplied. For the English and Austrian clips, a rebate of 50 paise per clip was given. For the Indian clips, a rebate of 30 paise per clip was given.



The continuous length carbon papers used on Telex machine and the Computer, were dumped in the waste-paper basket. Now these carbon papers are cut and distributed to the stenos for a further use.

Principle: Drops fill a Bucket.

D-55 LETTER HEADS

Rs. 500

- •• The out-going letters were folded, according to the judgement of the steno or of the despatch clerk.
- •• The name and address of the addressee were at times not properly positioned in the window of the envelope.
- •• Two fine marks are now printed in the left hand margin to indicate the exact folds.
- Two bracket marks were pre-printed on the letterhead, so that the name and address were typed in the pre-determined space.

Principle: Standardise.

D-56 WINDOW ENVELOPES

Rs. 4,000

- Addresses were typed on closed envelopes.
- •• Window envelopes are used now for un-registered letters.

Principle: Reduce repetitive work.



GENERAL OFFICE ADMINISTRATION

D-57 OFFICE EQUIPMENT

Rs. 10,000

- Unallocated appliances and equipment were lost sight of. There was no verification of unallocated assets, when placing orders against 'capital' requisitions.
- •• A comprehensive list of unallocated assets was compiled, on all India basis.
- Requisitions for capital purchases resulted in orders, only after satisfying that there were no unallocated assets within the Company. The first saving was worth Rs. 3,500.
- The principle of inventorying of assets, and particularly of unallocated assets was extended to an inventory of human skills. Such an inventory came in handy at the time of promotions, transfers and retirement, and when contemplating an expansion of business.
- •• With the introduction of the pooling of machines, requisitions for further purchases were vigorously edited. A requisition had to be supported by acceptable data of utilisation of existing machines.
- Adding/listing and calculating machines on each floor were pooled.
 Heavier and costlier machines like duplicators, photocopiers, and franking machines were used by the entire Company.

Principle: Inventory control leads to better utilisation of resources.

D-58 OFFICE LIGHTS

Rs. 2,000

- •• For an entire row of electric tube lights, there used to be one switch. An entire row of lights were to be kept on, even if one or two employees, sitting in one corner, were working after the office-hours.
- •• During lunch break, one day lights were not switched off. When asked why, we were told a stray employee is at a statement.
- •• The lighting arrangement was sectionalised so that small areas can be with or without illumination.
- •• The company had also a moral consolation that it co-operated with the Municipality to direct the power to defence-oriented industries and to those clamouring for operating the third shifts.
- •• Even the three-pin plug points for electrical equipments, like the calculating/ dictating machines and fans, were freely distributed over the entire floor area.
- The lights in the cabins are switched on, only when the occupant is in. When he leaves his cabin, he switches off the lights.



The general office and the gangways have dimmed lighting before the office starts, during the lunch break and after office hours.

Principle: Conserve resources. Avoidable waste helps no one.

D-59 OFFICE UTILITIES

Rs. 500

- •• Over-head cisterns used to function day and night throughout the year.
- The piping connections of the cisterns were provided with manually-operated taps, were turned off, immediately after office hours.
- •• All the water tanks were provided with push-cock type of taps. This eliminated the wastage of water which always takes place when the conventional types of taps are used.

Principle: Waste does not help any one.

D-60 OFFICE KEYS

Rs. 200

- Various keys were inserted in key-chains which were left lying in a heap, on the shelf of a cupboard.
- Difficulties in locating a particular key and consequent exchange of words one day among good friends in the office led us to the new arrangement.
- The keys were mounted on 'L' hooks in a closed rack with a glassed front.

Frinciple: Keep things in a systematic order to save time/effort in locating them.

D-61 TELEPHONE REQUIREMENTS

Rs. 3,000

- •• We had prolonged delays in getting telephone and telex connections, and telephone switch-boards of a higher capacity. It was however a press report which indicated a lengthening of the waiting period for telephones that sparked the idea.
- Detailed planning was done about the communication requirements at the Head office, and of the other establishments of the Company in India. The provision was made for the following five years, and an analysis was made of the minimum requirements of every establishment of the Company. Applications were made to the regional Telephone Authorities well in advance.

Principle: Forward planning is imperative particularly for scarce resources and facilities.

D-62 STAFF VEHICLES

Rs. 20,000

- •• The Company used to own a huge fleet of cars and trucks.
- •• One company hiring out the services of transport contractors told us it saves bother (absenteeism etc.) and money (repair and overtime).



- •• A beginning was made with hiring out a car, for doing general duties. Most of the heavy-duty vehicles were sold, not to be replaced. As the drivers retired, or opted for superannuation, they were not replaced.
- A fixed, lump-sum payment per month is made to the contractor. The hired vehicle is available between 7.00 a.m. and 7.00 p.m.
- •• The transport contractor insures, at his cost, the lives of four office employees, at Rs. 20,000 per head.
- •• On hiring out a single car, we found a nett saving of Rs. 400 per month.
- •• The principle of hiring v/s owning was extended to services like electrical maintenance, gardening etc..

Principle: Concentrate on your main business and consider hiring supporting services.

D-63 FURNITURE

Rs. 2,000

- •• There was no standardisation of furniture. Furniture was bought to the likes and dislikes of the various executives.
- There was an odd assortment of furniture and equipment of different types, shades and qualities.
- •• When the Head Office moved out to new premises, it standardised on 'Godrej' steel furniture, with Formica top. The shade selected was a pleasant grey. The standardisation was restricted to two types of chairs and two types of tables. The cupboards and filing cabinets were also standardised.

Principle: Standardise.

D-64 LAYOUT

Rs. 2,000

- When the Head office was to be shifted to new premises, a planning was done to rearrange the seating arrangements of the officers and Staff on a functional basis, and on the principle of a linear flow of work. Persons performing similar and identical functions were grouped at one place, had common communications and reference facilities, and were as close as possible to the officers to whom they reported.
- •• Unnecessary movements of men and papers were eliminated. Motion economy was effected. The lines of communications were shortened.
- •• Some persons were humanly prone to status symbols. Hard logic and better counsels prevailed upon them last.

Principle: When you move, modernise.



REPORTS

D-65 EXCEPTION REPORTING

Rs. 59,000

- Routine reports were prepared for most activities, that is, the sub-normal, normal and abnormal performances were all reported.
- On a monthly basis, 50 reports were prepared on an average. A report varied from one sheet to four sheets and took roughly 10 man hours per page.
- •• For want of time (as numerous reports had to be compiled, typed and checked), really important ones were not made in time.
- Reporting by Exception was introduced. Only the sub-normalities and abnormalities were reported.
- •• The result was that what should be reported was reported in time and facilitated appropriate decision and action.
- A byproduct was saving of hard cash which conservatively works out to Rs. 59,000.

Principle: Consider exception reporting.

Section 3

A little bit better . . .

IDEAS THAT SAVE

A Strategy for Higher Office Productivity and Paper-Work Cost Reduction

Ву

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FIVE BASIC CONCEPTS

THOSE WHO ACHIEVE HIGH OFFICE PRODUCTIVITY AND COMMENDABLE PAPERWORK COST REDUCTION SEEM TO BE CONSCIOUSLY OR UNCONSCIOUSLY SEIZED WITH CERTAIN BASIC CONCEPTS.

In this section we will outline these concepts.

We will also see in this section some of "the secrets" of the two authors (of the first two sections) who have consistently done well in this area.

CONCEPT 1: THE OFFICE CANNOT STAND STILL-IF IT DOES NOT HELP, IT HINDERS.

From time to time we hear how delays at the office—and government, being the largest office, the news of delays often relates to its working—have led to huge losses of cash, opportunities, morale and image. Why should delays at the office have such implication? Because, it is of the very nature of an office.

Without a piece of paper to guide, little moves in an organisation.

If the organisation is large, we can even say **nothing moves** without a piece of paper saying: Go ahead.

Resources wait for a signal from the office (paper processing station). Productive resources, material resources, manpower resources, creative resources, in the factory and the farm: all wait for a piece of paper.

Behind the resources outside the office and behind the office itself there are **people.** Both the people may be well meaning; neither of them may like the inadequate utilisation of the resources. And still, delay in action in one place (office) and (consequent) waste in another can happen and does happen.

Either because of the geographical distance or because of the immediate preoccupations, those in the office **may not see** the implications of their delayed action on other resources. Because they do not see, they may even feel annoyed if others concerned point them out to them.

In other words, those engaged in the office activity, if they mean well, have to be constantly aware of one reality; namely, the office resource has a big say on other resources. If it does not actively help, the office will be actively hindering.

- •• That it does not know it is hindering will not reverse the fact.
- •• The office actually co-ordinates other activities.
- It co-ordinates through communication.
- •• It communicates mostly through paper.

If it does not energetically, creatively and purposefully communicate to co-ordinate or help, it is actually hindering. It is hindering because no other division can take up its activity.



Those in the office should have both a sense of overall goals and an active imagination. They should constantly ask:

Can I, because of the way I go about my work in the office, accelerate or deaccelerate the other economic functions of the organisation?

Who is waiting for a signal from me? What is idling for want of a signal from me? What does that waiting or idling mean to the transaction, the organisation or the community?

In more mundane terms, is a paper with me holding production, raising the cost of a product, preventing an export order being obtained, or goods reaching a customer?

It is such seeing (on the part of atleast the key men in the office) the relationship between the office work and other work, through goal orientation, imagination and active sense of contributing, that makes high office productivity possible.

The growth of an organisation as the growth of the economy is largely determined by the purposefulness and dynamism in its offices. Where paper moves at a snail's pace, resources remain **potential**, **not productive**. Those who say 'it is a mere office' do not quite realise the crucial role of the office.

CONCEPT 2: THE SHORTER THE OFFICE WORK CYCLE, THE HIGHER THE OVERALL PRODUCTIVITY.

Like any other activity, the office activity too has a start and a finish.

The time that elapses in between can be described as **the work cycle**. The shorter the work cycle the better for the related resources; and for the office too.

If the resources wait less and less for the go-ahead saying paper, it is good for the utilisation of the resources.

Also, if the work cycle is less, the office resources themselves are better conserved.

Perhaps because they are part of it, those in the office normally do not think of or see the cycle and their part in it.

Office work like many other work is **relay work.** There are work stations. Those at the work stations should do their best to shorten the work cycle. It is **not** one man's effort; it is that of many men.

CONCEPT 3: THE WORK FLOW SHOULD BE EVEN AND FAST.

In a relay race, the slowest runner determines the fate of the team.

However fast many may run, the team has a handicap if a few runners have an inadequate pace. If they happen to be the first few runners, they almost break the heart of the rest of the relay team.



This is why while speed is desirable, evenness of tempo is all important in a relay team like the office.

This is not easy because relay stations are many and one relay station does not know of the existence of even the other relay stations. All the more reason why we need to be vigilant.

CONCEPT 4: TIME IS THE KEY ELEMENT IN AN OFFICE.

In terms of impact on other activities, we saw time is the key element in an office. When things don't happen within the office, things can't happen outside the office. In terms of cost too, time is the key element.

Most office costs are time costs.

The biggest single cost (namely, the salary cost) is basically a time cost.

The more we get out of "the unforgiving minute," therefore, the more we get for the office and the more we get for the activities that depend on the office.

The focus should be logically on time savings and **not** cost savings. Sometimes it would be necessary to spend more to save time.

CONCEPT 5: MAN'S INGENUITY AND PRODUCTS OF MAN'S INGENUITY HELP TO GET MORE OUT OF "THE UNFORGIVING MINUTE".

Many have used their ingenuity to make the work flow even, the work cycle shorter.

Some do this by chance.

And some others by design.

And those who do by design use one of two types of product of man's ingenuity or may be both.

One is the soft-ware type. This type is essentially one of tools* of systematic analysis of work flow and work content. Flow chart is one example. Form analysis is another. Record management is a third. And there are many more.

Another type is the hardware one. It consists of office gadgets, equipment and machines. Examples would range from ready reckoners to calculating machines, from staplers to photocopying machines.

Now for a word on "the secrets" of my co-authors!

^{*}These techniques and tools you find described in any book on office management. (eg. Developments in Office management by J. Batty. London. Heinemenn).



THE "SECRETS" OF MY CO-AUTHORS

The first secret seems to be their quest for a better way. They concede there is a better way and they go for it.

The second secret seems to be their willingness to learn from others. They seem to say: We are grateful to any one from whom we can get an idea or two; and we will openly acknowledge them. To us ideas are primary. That we are authors of ideas is secondary indeed.

The third secret is their sacrifice. They spend time, effort and money to learn. They learn, may be from books, may be from study tours, may be from correspondence with strangers abroad or may be from specialists.

The fourth secret is their capacity to stick their neck out. They know that implementing an idea is not that easy, nor smooth, nor comfortable. They have to convince people at every level, sometimes even their boss. They should be prepared for non-co-operation.

The fifth secret is the stick-to-it-iveness. Ideas implemented do not stay implemented automatically. The chances are people revert back to their old ways, that someone along the line scuttles the idea because he finds it convenient to do so. These people obviously rug on—all the time urging their colleagues to do one better than yesterday.

And the final secret is they share credit.

When I requested them to write out some of the case histories, they hesitated.

They perhaps thought it meant taking credit for themselves. It took time for me to convince them that they are only discharging their professional duty of sharing. I have seen them in action. I have found them saying (and meaning it): We (not I) evolved this; we (not I) implemented this.

"Ideas are nobody's monopoly. Perhaps because of our interest and function, we spent a little more time and thought than others on it. That is no reason for claiming any special merit for what we achieved. It is because every idea became our idea you see them now in action. If it has been just my idea, it would have remained only a paper idea."

The secrets are not that complicated in stating. Practising them is hard, sustained work indeed.



RESISTANCE TO CHANGE

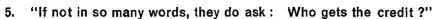
In this research study, we kept on asking one question against each idea-in-action, namely: Was there resistance to change? How did you tackle it?

The other related questions were: How did you or any one else get the idea? How was the job done before? How long was the interval between the birth of the idea and the implementation of the idea?

Here are five sets of answers that figured frequently:

- 1. "Most people look to the boss. If he says 'yes', the rest is easy." "The major problem is to get time with the boss and explain and convince him." "If we have succeeded, it is because everyone knows that the boss is behind the effort. In fact, in some cases, they know it is the boss' own idea!"
- "So long as they do not understand it, they oppose it. The problem is one of helping the concerned people know and understand. This does take time."
 - "The concerned people are often very busy. When you go to them with an idea, their first thought is that you are going there to add to their job pressure. The consequent reaction on their part is: Leave me alone with my present method of doing things."
 - "I once sprang a surprise on a departmental head without meaning it. Not that I wanted to. In my enthusiasm, and abetted by the boss' ready green signal, I started implementing a good new idea. The supervisor concerned obviously said to himself, this shall not work here. He saw to it the idea did not work there!"
- "It is difficult to get the concerned people discuss the idea with you. Once you succeed, you succeed in more ways than one. They substantially improve the idea you take with you."
 - "They like our telling them the facts and adding this is a tentative idea. If we hide the unpalatable facts and they smell the hiding, you had it!"
 - "If we tell them, may we try this out for a while, they tend to say, go ahead."
- 4. "I have no staff even to do my day-to-day work. How can I take up this experiment? This we often hear."
 - "I will take it up when I get some time: This also we hear."
 - "Okay by me if you will work it out for me. My men will certainly help you, provided you don't make demands on them."





"Our major problem was to resist the temptation to tell the world we are the great idea-makers."

"While we did not hide the fact that we worked for the idea, we did not hide another fact, namely, that without our boss' blessings and the colleagues' cooperation, the idea will be only on paper."

We, the researchers, came out with the impression that people do not so much resist change as they do the way change is introduced.

There may be many other precautions called for; the basic one is to find out who are affected and how are they affected. Having done that, and having done the needful, we should take the following conscious steps:

- Get the boss's backing.
- · Keep the concerned people informed.
- Include (wherever possible) the concerned people in developing the improved method
- Help actively in implementing the idea.
- Share credit.



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BUT PLEASE REMEMBER . . .

- •• TAKE ONE IDEA AT A TIME
- .. DISCUSS AND CONVINCE YOUR STAFF
- •• AND IMPLEMENT IT.
- •• BE SURE TO SUPERVISE DURING IMPLEMENTATION STAGE
 TO SOLVE ANY PROBLEM OR OVERCOME
 ANY RESISTANCE.



THINK...

There must be a BETTER WAY



THEREFORE
THINK
and ask
QUESTIONS